The Columbian.

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Come in and look over the models.

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TOWNSEND'S
CORNER.

A Murderous Assault

Mrs. John Benfield Attacked by Arthur Welliver and Nearly Killed.

THE PRISONER CONFESSES

Valley township, Montour county, was the scene of a murderous assault last Saturday morning, Mrs. John Benfield, widow of a former associate judge of that county being the victim.

Mrs. Benfield, who is 72 years of age, lives with her son and daughter, Hurley and Miss Emma Benfield, on the homestead farm. On Saturday morning Hurley and Miss Benfield drove into Danville on business, leaving their mother at home alone.

About 8 o'clock J. D. Vognetz, the Strawberry Ridge merchant, came driving along on his way to Danville. As he approached the house he perceived a man, or rather a boy in appearance, leap over the fence that surrounds the house. Casting a hasty look over his shoulder as soon as he struck the ground he took off his hat and dashed off across the field as fast as he could run.

Mr. Vognetz was startled by the cry of "murder." Looking in the direction of the sound he beheld Mrs. Benfield standing near her door and clinging to the fence for support. Her hair was hanging down while her head was covered with blood, which was also streaming down over her clothing.

In a moment Mr. Vognetz was at her side. She was barely able to tell her story. Arthur Welliver, she said, had attempted to murder her.

He assisted her into the house, and summoned help by telephone, and word was sent to her son and daughter in Danville, who hurried home. Physicians were summoned who dressed her wounds.

Mrs. Benfield was able to tell of the occurrence as follows: It appears that the boy, Arthur Welliver, who is about seventeen years of age, is an object of especial dread to the Benfield family. While she was entirely alone to her dismay Mrs. Benfield saw the fellow walk by the house.

Owing to an alleged offense of a very serious nature committed in the past the boy had orders never to place his foot on the Benfield farm. As he approached the door of the house Mrs. Benfield asked him what he wanted and told him to leave.

The boy told her that he would show her what he wanted and springing upon her he seized her by the throat and threw her upon the floor. At this juncture his eyes fell upon a steel tube as thick as a man's wrist and about two feet long, belonging to a cream separator, which lay in the kitchen sink. Seizing this as a weapon he began to deliver blow after blow upon the defenseless woman's head.

She fought heroically and thus managed to avert the full force of many of the blows, but the blood each time the iron descended upon her skull flowed from a fresh wound and not only covered her own body but left its tell tale stains on the would-be murderer's clothes. The floor of the room where the struggle took place, with its pools of blood, presented a horrible sight, attesting to the desperate nature of the struggle.

Mrs. Benfield pleaded with her assailant. Once she said: "Why you'll kill me." The reply, she says, that Welliver made to this was: "That's what I intend to do."

Soon after this Mrs. Benfield heard the welcome sound of Mr. Vognetz's approaching wagon. Welliver heard it also and it disconcerted him for a moment. Mrs. Benfield managed to escape to the door and ran down to the front gate. Her assailant, still carrying the iron weapon in his hand, ran out of another door and, by a circuitous route and leaping over the fence, caught Mrs. Benfield in front of the house and renewed the assault. It was at this juncture that Mr. Vognetz appeared in sight and Welliver leaped over the fence and ran away.

Chief Mincemoyer of Danville was summoned, and a posse started out to find the would-be assassin. Welliver was found working in a field, and disclaimed all knowledge of the affair, but after a rigid examination by Chief Mincemoyer he became badly tangled, and finally confessed. He was taken to the house and fully identified by Mrs. Benfield.

A warrant was issued and Welliver was taken to Danville where he was given a hearing before a justice. He waived a hearing and bail was fixed at $2000. Not being able to procure bail he was committed to jail, to await trial at court which begins October 18th.

Mrs. Benfield will probably recover.

THE BAR.

The Bar of Columbia County may be said to consist of fity-two members, but of that number there are twenty who never opened an office for practice, or who have since admission engaged in other business. This leaves thirty-two in active practice, and they are The Bar of Columbia County.

There has been no admission of a resident Attorney since April 1900, and it is believed there are no registered students in the county. The oldest present member was admitted April 1848; the two being just fifty-two years apart. There does not seem to be occasion for an increase in the number, and the Bar compares favorably with that of surrounding counties.

In regard to the kind of cases now coming before the Civil Court, there are, on the Trial List for the September term, thirty-nine cases, and it is notable that only seven of them are against individuals, the remaining thirty-two cases being against municipalities or corporations.

This shows how much the business and the clientele have changed within the last twenty years.

The Criminal Court has over fifty cases to be disposed of during the sessions, to say nothing about motions and rules and arguments, and other multifarious business.

PAPER MILL SOLD.

At receiver's sale Tuesday morning, the New York and Pennsylvania Paper Mills company, which operates mills at Lock Haven and Johnsonburg bought the property of the Penna. Paper mill at Catawissa, free of incumbrances for $35,600. The bid was made by M. M. Armstrong, one of the members of the firm.

If the property is found in good shape after a thorough examination next week, it is quite probable that this company will operate it. In this event, there is no doubt but that the mill be run steadily.

Several properties of Charles Chalfant of Danville are advertised to be sold at sheriff's sale. Mr. Chalfant is a son of the late Thomas Chaltant, and formerly the editor of the Danville *Intelligencer*.

GOOD ORDER AT COLUMBIA THEATRE.

The new management of the local theatre is determined that there shall be good order preserved in the house. The rowdyism that has prevailed in the gallery will no longer be tolerated. The following regulations have been adopted, and will be enforced:

Disorderly conduct of any kind whatsoever, such as stamping, whistling, etc., is strictly forbidden. The spitting of tobacco upon the floor of a public house is a filthy, indecent practice, and contrary to the law. Violation of these rules and the law will meet with immediate ejectment from the theatre and prompt prosecution will follow.

Any incivility or inattention on the part of an attache of the theatre, may be confidentially communicated to the management, who will be glad to summarily correct the offense.

Physicians and others desirous of being in immediate telephone communication will kindly leave their seat numbers at the box office. They will be instantly notified upon receipt of any message for them.

Lost articles should be reported at once to the box office, or by letter to the manager. Articles found may be delivered at box office where a receipt will be given therefor.

NEW LAWS FOR CATHOLICS.

The fifth triennial synod of the Roman Catholic diocese of Harrisburg began its sessions in secret in St. Patrick's cathedral last Thursday morning, about eighty priests being present, Rev. J. R. Murphy of this town being among the number.

Previous to the private session the Mass of the Holy Ghost was celebrated. During the mass Bishop Shanahan, assisted by Monsignors Koch and Benton, presided at the throne. The music, beautifully rendered by the cathedral choir was a feature of the ceremonies.

At the conclusion of the mass the auditorium was closed and the business session of the synod commenced with Bishop Shanahan in the presiding officer's chair.

The object of the meeting was to enact laws tor the government and discipline of the diocese. The synod considers the relations of one pastor to another, enacts laws on diocesan morals and statutes relating to discipline in the diocese. These laws have all been previously submitted to the priests in caucus, and they will be officially promulgated to the different congregations by their pastors.

DIETRICK'S CASE.

The fourth trial of Peter Dietrick for the shooting of "Corky" Jones at Danville two years ago, was held in Wilkes-Barre last week, where it had been removed on a petition for a change ot venue from Montour county.

It resulted in a verdict of voluntary manslaughter, the maximum penalty for which is imprisonment in the penitentiary for twelve years.

The Danville *News* says that the total cost to Montour county for the four trials will foot up $5000.

A WELCOME RAIN.

The long-hoped-for rain came at last on Monday, beginning early in the morning and lasting nearly all day at intervals. While it was a great blessing, and gave much relief, it will require considerable more water to soak the parched earth, and fill up the streams.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The regular fall session of court opened on Monday morning, Hon. C. C. Evans, President Judge, and Associates Krickbaum and Yeager on the bench. There was a large attendance.

Thornton T. Freeze occupied the position of court crier.

Constables called and returns taken.

The constable of Briarcreek township returned that Antonio Cocco, of that township, was selling liquor without license, and the constables of Cleveland, Scott, Pine, Hemlock, Jackson, Catawssa and Beaver townships returned that several roads were in bad condition and index roads not up as law directs. These returns were all given to the District Attorney with instructions to inform the supervisors that unless the same were repaired indictments would be sent to the grand jury.

Grand jury called and sworn and charged by the court.

Wm. Chrisman Esq, presented the return of sale in the estate of David Shaffer, deceased, which was confirmed nisi. A petition to continue the order of viewers in the matter of vacating and relaying a road in Mifflin township. In the estate of Hiram Crouse, deceased, the exceptions to the account of the administrator having been withdrawn the same was confirmed absolute.

In the equity proceedings of George B. Atlee and Co. vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Company, Mr. Chrisman filed an amended bill by permission of Court.

W. H. Rhawn Esq, presented a petition for the appointment of inspectors of the county bridge in Roaringcreek township; also the report of inspectors of a county bridge in Hemlock townshlp for confirmation nisi.

A. W. Duy Esq, presented a petition which set forth that quite a number of tax liens had been entered against the Catawissa Coal Company and that a scire facias was about to issue on each of them. The petition asked that they be merged and consolidated and one scirefacias issue on all in order to save costs. He presented a similar petition in the Commonwealth vs. Davis Bros. and Company.

C. E. Kriescher Esq, presented the following: In the estate of Albert Witchey, deceased, proceeding in petition: rule for the heirs to come in and accept or refuse the real estate at the valuation fixed by the appraisers. Reports of sales in the estates of Ada Trexler and Catherine Bower confirmed nisi. The report of the auditor in the estate of Mary Creasy, deceased.

Robert Howell, Esq., presented a petition for a re-view of a public road near the residence of James Shew in Scott township. On his motion John G. Freeze, Esq., was continued as master in case of Robison vs. Robison.

H. Mont. Smith, Esq., stated that this was the time fixed for the taking of testimony in habeas corpus proceedings of Yetter vs. Yetter, but desired the hearing continued for one week, which was allowed.

Fred Ikeler, Esq., presented the return of sale in the estate of Millard O. Bowman which was confirmed nisi. He also presented a petition which set forth that in September, 1894, a proceeding was commenced to set aside real estate to the widow in the estate of John Sweeny, deceased. Appraisers were appointed by the Court but the records did not show that the appraisement was ever held. He desired that permission be given to the appraisers to now go on and hold the appraisement so as to perfect the title. The petition was granted.

E. J. Flynn, Esq., presented the return of the widow's exemption in the estate of James McHale, deceased, and a petition for the sale of real estate for the payment of debts in the estate of Wm. Burke, deceased.

A. L. Fritz, Esq., presented the petition of John Belles, guardian of Isaac Gould, for the allowance of $80 to pay expenses incurred during illness of ward, which was granted.

James L. Evans, Esq., presented the report of viewers on a bridge and a road in Briarcreek township which were confirmed absolute. He also presented a petition for a subpoena in divorce on the grounds of desertion in case of Wm. R. Lutz vs. Florence M. Lutz.

Clinton Herring, Esq., presented the report of viewers in favor of a bridge over Spring Run in Madison township which was confirmed nisi. He also presented a petition of B. F. Battin which represented that P. K. Patterson, his son-in-law, had been absent from his home for years and it was supposed he was dead. The petition was for permission of Mr. Battin to take out letters of administration in the estate of Patterson. A rule was granted returnable the first Monday in December.

The trial list for next week was called over. Out of the forty cases on the list only ten were marked for trial.

W. C. Johnston, Esq., presented a petition for the discharge of Mertus E. Edwards, guardian of Bruce Edwards, Cora Edwards and others. A rule was granted to show cause why he should not be discharged, returnable at next term.

In the case of Ellis Eves and Bros., vs. James L. Whitmire, Mr. Johnston presented a petition that the sheriff proceed and make the money on the writ. The prayer of the petitioner was granted.

In the estate of Jonas Rantz the time of the filing of the auditor's report was continued until next term.

Mr. Johnston presented a petition asking that a subpoena in divorce be awarded in the case of Guerney Lyons vs. Ida Lyons on the ground of desertion.

Register of Wills and the Prothonotary presented the accounts and widows' appraisements which had been filed in their offices and they were confirmed nisi.

A petition was also presented asking for the sale of the real estate of Christiana Shuman, deceased, situated in Main township, which was allowed by the Court.

Upon petition presented Agnes R. Shuman was appointed guardian of Robert, Howard and Florence Gunter.

Wm. Chrisman, Esq., presented a petition to declare Chas. Esterbrook sane and discharge his committee. After hearing the petition Court fixed the first Monday in November for the hearing of the matter.

OPENING OF THE NEW THEATRE.

A refined audience, not as large as it should have been, was present at the Columbia Theatre last Friday night, when the popular play entitled "The Devil" was presented by an excellent company. The stage was beautifully set, and the gowns of the ladies in the play were exquisite.

The leading part was enacted by Joseph Kilgour, and he fulfilled every expectation.

The management have planned to give Bloomsburg a better class of attractions than have been given heretofore, and it remains to be seen to what extent their efforts are appreciated.

HOSPITAL BUYS LOT.

A lot of ground adjoining the Joseph Ratti Hospital has been purchased from Mrs. J. L. Dillon by the managers of the hospital. The demands upon the institution are such that an enlargement of the building is very much needed. This additional land will provide for the addition, as soon as funds are available.

DIED FROM INJURY.

William Smith who was injured while riding on a freight train at Rupert on September 15th, died at the hospital last Saturday. He was riding on the top of a car and his head struck the bridge, fracturing his skull. He never entirely regained consciousness. His wife and five children survive.

PEASANT UNIVERSITIES

Remarkable Growth of Rural Learning in Denmark.

TEACH BY LECTURE ONLY

Pupils Include the Daughters of Farmers as Well as the Sons—Practical Matters Are the Chief Studies—Pupils Are Required to Listen Rather Than to Read.

Rural education in Denmark averages above that in any other country in the world, and this class has so gained the ascendancy, that its dialect is the language of the Rigsdag or Danish Parliament. This unusual state of affairs is in the main due to the people's high schools, or (as they have been popularly named) the peasant universities which come intimately in touch with the two millions of Danish people, and have eliminated illiteracy.

The vast system of schools owes its creation some sixty years ago to the efforts of a single man, Grundtvig, who believed that around the age of twenty men and women manifest a desire to participate actively in life; and that alongside of their routine work they should be encouraged to attain an education of a higher type under the guidance of those who had an educational message to convey. Grundtvig claimed that if the past achievements of mankind could be sympathetically unfolded to eager minds, a national culture would be a fact, and life would at all times serve as an efficient school. As an education idea, Grundtvig's view was entirely original and Northern in character. It laid stress upon the teacher.

Grundtvig died without having realized his purpose; but several years later in 1845—a professor of Danish literature succeeded in raising funds to carry out the idea of establishing a people's high school. Certain academic features that clung to his venture at once brought a protest against the distortion of Grundtvig's views, and an enthusiastic scholar named Kold established a model high school from whose work all traces of classicism and formality were removed. Plain talks in familiar fashion on useful subjects were the rule, having in view the awakening of the best receptive mind on the rude benches in the school room.

Despite the opposition of the older generation the desire gained ground. Little by little the farmers permitted their daughters to seek the institution—not without misgivings respecting woman's emancipation and the like. In 1864 there were seven high schools of this character; in 1871, twenty-five; and to-day eighty dot a country which occupies only an area of 15,000 square miles, and 200,000 out of the 2,000,000 people of Denmark have visited some high school.

These "peasant universities" are located in or about small towns and villages. They usually occupy one or more houses of the same type. On the lower floor are lecture rooms, the dining rooms, a gymnasium, and, usually, the private apartments of the director and his family. On the upper floors are dormitories for the pupils, reading and conversation rooms.

Very little of what may be called special teaching takes place during the two terms of the calendar year; but pupils listen to five, six or seven lectures a day, and take part, besides, in such courses on horticulture, cattle-feeding, bookkeeping, etc., as may be offered. Weaving, sewing and cooking, pertain to the girls' department. Subjects for the regular lecture are taken from history, geography, mathematics, hygiene, political and social economy, mythology, and the Bible; and countless subjects afford a basis for talks and discussions.

On the whole the pupils are required to listen rather than to read, seeking after the advantage—as Grundtvig designed—of the living word over the dead letter. And nearly all the high school pupils are excellent listeners, while the teachers are equally admirable lecturers. In addition pupils and teachers get together on every conceivable occasion, and the teachers' houses are always open to the students.

The absence of examinations makes the pupil free and easy in his movements. The commencement exercises at the close of each school term serve to bring the students in touch with prominent men and women who gather from far and near, and whose talks are a spur to the young men and women ready to return to their home life.

It is finally to be noted that the system has developed teachers who have won European fame; but they resist tempting offers from without, and devote themselves to these Peasant Universities.

Much the Best.

"What is the best thing for a poet to have?" asked the bardlet, "a deep knowledge of human nature, a temperament that enters into the emotions of others or a natural gift for saying things beautifully?" All your guesses missed," replied the veteran rhymer. "The best thing for a poet to have is a job."

SMUGGLING IN PHILIPPINES.

Swift Boat Brings Contraband Goods From Oriental Ports.

Smuggling in the Philippine Islands is assuming proportions that make it a menace to insular revenues. It will surprise the orderly and law abiding to know that only recently a case of khaki smuggled into the country by way of the east coast of Luzon, was floated down Laguna de Bay and the Pasig for distribution in Manila, yet such is the fact.

The cloth was dropped on the east coast somewhere near Baler, lugged across the mountains to a secluded inlet on the lake and bodily brought into Manila. Sleuths of the Government got track of it before it was landed, but there was no way to stop it.

There is smuggling too, in the north country, but its greatest home is in the Sulu archipelago, with Borneo as its base. There in that back alleyway of the sea, it has gone on for ages without let or hindrance. Hundreds of swift going vintas are engaged in the illicit trade and heretofore they have carried on the traffic in the light of day.

It has never been anybody's business to watch them. The trade was good for Borneo and Spanish sovereignty sat lightly in the sea of the Dyaks. A month ago when a legislative committee went from Manila to investigate the question it found a hundred boats loading contraband on the Borneo coast and it stumbled upon a party of ninety Chinese who were coming to the Philippines by the underground.

Suppression of the use of opium in the Philippines has made the drug the great prize of smuggling. It has gone to a fabulous price in Manila, Iloilo, Cebu and other cities and there are riches for the fellow who can run it across the Sulu sea. And there is money in the other articles, as witness the innocent khaki cloth that circled Luzon and came in by way of the Luguna excursion route. The Government is planning to meet the Sulu situation by building a fast cutter, but two could do more work than one, and there must later be another for the north coast and later another for the east coast.

Her Little Mistake.

A lady who has a great respect for the conventions, and also an abiding fear of the mental angles of the "heathen Chinee," says a writer in the Bohemian, recently went down into New York's Chinatown and there began a search for a curio to give to a friend. She walked into a shop on Pell street, acknowledged the bow of the grave gentleman who owned the place, and looked about her. She noticed a curious dagger, and in the patois which she had supposed all Chinamen to understand, said:

"Say, John, how muchee ketchum this knife?"

The price named seemed to her enormous.

"What a matter you?" said the lady. "No wantee buyee store, wantee get knife."

The proprietor gravely took the dagger from her hand.

"The price, madam," he said, in perfect English, "is twenty-five dollars, and the price is reasonable. The knife is considered one of the finest specimens of the work of Muey Ling, the armorer who won fame in the fourth dynasty. If madam will look closely she may be able to see the mark." Then he held the blade up for her nearer vision.

"And do you know," said the lady, when speaking of the occurrence, "he so took me off my feet that I fled from the shop with a hastily stammered apology.

"I understood later that he was a college graduate and one of the men who are 'advancing China.' But what I have never been quite able to solve, is whether he expected me to believe in Mr. Muey Ling of the fourth dynasty, and how much he was just having fun with the intelligent American woman who was trying to talk down to him."

Rains Thirty Inches a Year.

The discussion of observations on rainfall made first by Sir John Murray and later by Bruckner and Fritsche permits an estimation to be made of the mean rainfall on continents, which is found to be about thirty inches per year. The rainfall on the ocean is more difficult to measure, but it has been estimated by Supau; and Fritsche, taking account of all the known facts, estimates the mean annual rainfall for the entire surface of the earth at about thirty-six inches. Making use of this number it is to calculate that the total rainfall amounts to 464 million millions of metric tons per year, 1272 thousand millions of tons per day, 53,000 millions of tons per hour, 883 million tons per minute, or fifteen millions tons per second.

Kaulbach's Master.

Among many great pictures by Kaulbach, the greatest, beyond doubt, is "The Battle of the Huns." In the opinion of the highest authorities there is not to be found in the whole range of modern art a finer composition. As a display of the moral sublime the fight in mid-air between the spirits of the warriors slain in the battle is worthy of the boldest conception of antiquity.

MENDING REAL LACE

NOT SO DIFFICULT FOR ONE HANDY WITH A NEEDLE.

It Requies Patience and Time and is a Task Which Cannot Be Hurried—Simple Methods of Preserving and Repairing Laces.

Lace mending is not such a difficult occupation as many women imagine, for it may be accomplished by any one capable of doing fine need e-work who is willing to devote the necessary time. And plenty of time is needed, for such a task cannot be hurried—in fact, it is the time this repairing requires almost as much as the skill necessary that makes the professional mender's charges seem unduly high.

To mend lace at least the popular Irish crochet, the amateur should follow these simple processes. Take three thicknesses of newspapers, laying a sheet of blue tissue paper on top, then basting the four together. The lace is then laid face downward on the tissue paper, which is put there to protect the lace from the printer's ink. Light blue is chosen in preference to white for the reason that the contrast between the blue and the lace helps to make the mending easier.

As a rule, with Irish crochet it is the background that needs repairing, and this is done with a crochet hook and just ordinary sewing cotton, working in accurately the stitches to match. The filling in should be done when possible from motif to motif, even though the ravage should not extend for such a distance. Of course, in such a case, it will be necessary to cut away threads.

When the medallion or motif becomes torn, it is much the better way to remove it and replace with another. If one cannot match the design in the shops it is often possible to find one in a portion of the garment that can be removed and the hole filled in with background work, so the repairing will not be noticed. In this way worn lace may be made to look like new and at practically no expense.

Incidentally, if one can manage the background, there is no reason why one may not make entire new yokes, cuffs, collars, &c., or even larger pieces by either using new medallions or the better ones that have survived old lace.

Laid on a pattern in a pretty design, it would be quite an easy matter to connect motifs forming a new foundation, and such lace would give excellent service.

As Irish crochet is not harmed in the least by tubbing, this work may be picked up at odd moments on piazza, beach, &c., as soil will not count.

When dirty the lace should be put into a bath of soapsuds and gasolene, half and half, and squeezed until clean, then rinsed in clean gasolene. The soap cleanses and the gasolene causes the lace to dry quickly.

Supposing the old resurrected lace should be discolored, then the mending should be done before the washing, so both new threads and old will be the same shade after the laundering.

To mend filet lace another process is necessary, for this work must be done on a frame, and there is nothing better for this purpose than the ten cent slate such as school children use. The slate portion is of course removed and the frame covered with flannel. The lace is then basted to it, so the hole will be in the middle, where it can be easily sewed.

The Gardening Apron.

Since women have gone in for gardening with such enthusiasm they have adopted an apron to wear during these hours.

The apron is about half the length of the ordinary one and 24 inches wide. There is one large center pocket made half way down with three compartments to hold the tiny tools.

This pocket is laid on the material and comes to a point. At the bottom of the apron are two pockets made of a strip of the material put into two large box plaits. They have the appearance of a slipper bag.

They are attractive and pretty, made out of flowered cretonnes or colored linens, and cost little. It is a pretty finish to bind the edges with colored braid to match the design in the apron.

False Hair is Injurious.

The present fashion of massing the hair with puffs and braids is injurious.

Some girls not only have a rat—made of only the factories know what—to keep the hair standing out around the head, but on this they mass a half dozen puffs or a large false braid.

She who wears false hair should be careful to give the hair ten minutes treatment every night; the hair being allowed to hang loose around the head or be put into loose plaits.

Only one comb is in fashion, fortunately as side combs are out. So keep the fashion and wear only this one. Three are two too many.

Egg-Stained Silverware.

If spoons are stained from egg they can be cleaned by rubbing with ammonia; also by putting them in a bowl of wet salt.

Eat parsley and vingear mixed after eating onions and you need not fear that you will advertise your fondness for the loud smelling bulbs

OLD VILLAGE LOCKUP

Quaint Structure for Confinement of Rogues and Vagabonds.

Several villages in the Midlands of England, possess in more or less ruined state their old parish lockups, commonly known as round houses.

Breedon, a Leicestershire village, close to the South Derbyshire border, possesses its "lockup," a quaint stone building 18 feet high and 8 feet, 6 inches diameter inside. The walls are fifteen inches thick. The door is of stout oak studded with many large iron nails.

The lock is very strong and the keyhole is covered with an iron plate, which it self has to be unlocked by a spanner before the door key can be inserted. Ventilation is afforded by small holes punched in an iron plate, 6 inches by 7, fixed in the centre of the door. There is no window.

At Worthington, the next village to Breedon, the old lockup is a seven-sided brick building, badly in need or restoration, an opportunity for archaeologists which it is hoped will not be missed. Both at Breedon and Worthington these diminutive disused prisons are on the roadside, adjacent to the pound or pinfold, so that the constable had conveniently side by side the strayed cattle and any human rogues or vagabonds he had charge of. There are similar old lockups at Smisby and Ticknall, two villages close to Leicestershire.

His Dog Identified Him.

Bank clerks naturally and necessarily require satisfactory identification of persons who ask to have checks cashed. The same rule is followed in the post-office by clerks who cash money-orders; but what the nature of the identification will be, and by whom, is a matter which rests to some extent in the discretion of the clerk. The Boston Herald tells a story in which a dog bore witness to his master's identity.

A Boston business man called at the postal order department the other day to get an order cashed, but the clerk in attendance had only recently been appointed. He said the caller would have to be identified before payment could be made.

"Why, I have had hundreds of orders cashed here," he replied, with a show of impatience. "Isn't there some one here who knows me?"

"I'm the only one on duty just now. The others are out to luncheon," said the clerk.

"Will you take the inscription on my dog's collar as sufficient identification?" was asked.

"Yes, that will be acceptable."

The man whistled for his terrier, and taking him in his arms, "boosted" him up to the window. The clerk read the name and address on the cellar and paid the order.

A Boat That Skips Along.

A correspondent of the London Times gives a most interesting account of the hydroplane Ricochet II., designed and constructed by the MM. Le Las, of Paris. The little vessel, which is described as resembling a fresh water punt some 13 feet in length, decked fore and aft, has a flat but not horizontal under-surface, sloped up gently forward so as to skim over the water, and is driven by a twelve horse-power motor on the principle of the ricochet shot or "ducks and drakes," reaching a speed of forty kilometres to the hour. The hydroplane, which appears to proceed by "sheer leaps"—though this is probably an optical illusion—can be stopped dead when at high speed in a dozen yards, but presents some difficulties in turning. The motion is described as delightful as well as novel!" by those who have been on board. Whether the new invention can be turned to practical use remains to be seen, but its extreme lightness commends it to explorers, and one has been in use for mail purposes on the Niger for some time.

An Interrupted Story.

Captain Williams, a jovial Irishman, known everywhere as "Bob," used to be a favorite in Dublin society about forty years ago. His stories were famous. Give him an incident and he would set it out to the general admiration.

One evening he went into the club, and there began telling the true tale of rescuing a lady and her daughters from a dangerous situation into which their spirited horses had brought them.

"I quieted the ladies," said he, "and I quieted the horses And the gratitude of the ladies! Me boys, I shouldn't be surprised if her ladyship left me—"

At that moment a little Irish page in livery appeared.

"Sir," said he, "Lady Arnold says she lost her purse when ye helped her out of the carriage; and plaze, she says do yez know anything about it?"

The captain's story was never finished.

Smallest Visible Thing.

Few persons would guess that the smallest thing visible to the eye are the stars. Yet, according to a high authority, such is the case. Great as many of the stars are in actual magnitude, their distance is so immense that their angular diameter becomes insensible and they approach to the condition of geometrical points. The minute disks that they appear to have are spurious, an effect of radiation.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Jury List for September Court

GRAND JURY

Briarcreek—Charles Masteller.
Berwick—Charles Brader
Locust—Jacob Fink.
Sugarloaf—T. A. Ruckle.
Bloomsburg—A. V. Kressler.
Berwick—Claude Kurtz.
Catawissa—Jeremiah Yeager.
Beaver—Jacob Baker, Jr.
Bloomsburg—Calvin Girton.
Orangeville—W. E. Sands.
Cleveland—W M Cleaver.
Sugarloaf—J. B. Sutliff.
Bloomsburg—Daniel Tierney.
Greenwood—Jonas Ager.
Catawissa—J. L. Walter.
Centralia—John Leam.
Conyngham—W. H. Honabach.
Franklin—Samuel Raup.
Catawissa—Henry Shane.
Bloomsburg—Henry Knorr.
Conyngham—H. D. Kostenbauder.
Jackson—Edward Sones.
Conyngham—Geo. W. Weller.
Mt. Pleasant—John R. Thomas.

TRAVERSE JURORS—First Week.

Berwick—George H. Catterall.
Catawissa—William G. Yetter.
West Berwick—R. M. Smith.
Bloomsburg—William Coffman.
Centre—Daniel Mordan.
Bloomsburg—Rev. J. R. Murphy.
Briarcreek—J. K. Adams.
Bloomsburg—Charles D. Brobst.
Mt. Pleasant—G. M. Ikeler.
Orangeville—Carl Fleckenstine.
Berwick—C. J. Courtright.
Benton Township—T. E. Edwards.
Centralia—Robert Welsh.
Roaringcreek—Alfred Hoagland.
Madison—D. N. Williams.
Pine Twp—Thomas Y. Stackhouse.
Mifflin—Joseph Cleaver.
Pine—Isaac Trivelpiece.
Conyngham—Jacob Benner.
West Berwick—G. G. Chrisman.
Scott—E. A. Brown.
Bloomsburg—L. D. Case.
Orange Township—William. C. White.
Samuel Y. Keller.
Main—Benjamin Kreisher.
Berwick—McClellan Cope, Rob. Reedy.
West Berwick—Horace Yeager.
Catawissa—Edward Brosious.
Franklin—Clark Yost.
Bloomsburg—John Scott.
Hemlock—George Irvin.
Locust—Benjamin Waters.
Catawissa—John Overdorf.
Hemlock—Edward W. Ivy.
Beaver—A. F. Rupert.
Conyngham—Lewis Kustenbauder.
Catawissa—Charles P. Pfahler.
Bloomsburg—C. B. Gunton.
Conyngham—Isaac Beaver.
Berwick—Hurl Davis.
Berwick—E. C. Morehead.
Briarcreek—Samuel M. Petty.
Centralia—W. W. Heffner.
Catawissa—George H. Sharpless.
Main—F. P. Gruver.
Berwick—Harry East.
Berwick—H. R. Oliver.
Bloomsburg—Moses Tressler.
Berwick—Theodore F. Berger.
Fishingcreek—Robert E. Whitenight.
Centralia—Patrick Curran.
Bloomsburg—H. B. Sharpless.
West Berwick—W. A. Linden.
Conyngham—Daniel E. Fetterman.
Berwick—John E. Traugh.
Centre—C. E. Drum.
West Berwick—William Fairchilds.
Mifflin—H. W. Houck.
Benton Borough—John S. Baker.

SECOND WEEK.

Conyngham—John Kertin.
Centralia—John White.
Berwick—Eugene Doty.
Mt. Pleasant—George L. Johnson.
Berwick—R. W. Hoyt.
Scott—Ellis Ringrose.
Hemlock—Edward Sterner.
Mifflin—Edward Green.
Jackson—Deaner Davis.
Bloomsburg—Charles M. Hess.
Roaringcreek—Alvin Rhoads.
Berwick—Francis W. Roup.
Bloomsburg—A. J. George.
Locust—John Hughes.
Berwick—Percy Curran.
Greenwood—J. H. Johnson.
Benton Township—Wesley Roberts.
Berwick—J. B. Evans.
Berwick—Walter Suit.
Catawissa Borough—John Fox.
Berwick—M. C. Hetler.
Berwick—Rev. J. K. Adams.
Centralia—Martin Barrett.
Pine—Jacob Webb.
Madison—J. E. Cotner.
Centralia—James Murphy.
Sugarloaf—Alfred Hess.
Locust—Adam Rarig.
Sugarloaf—O. F. Cole.
Bloomsburg—R. R. Hartman.
Catawissa—Thomas E. Harder.
Cleveland—Charles Kline.
Catawissa Borough—E. B. Guie.
Centre—J. H. Hughes.
Berwick—William Harry.
Catawissa Township—Oscar Leighow.

Reaching a Decision.

A commercial traveler tells an amusing experience which happened to him in the interior of Pennsylvania. The traveler landed in the village and sought the only hotel in the place—a small building not much larger than the average dwelling. He stepped on the porch but hearing voices raised in anger, he paused at the door. Apparently there was a quarrel in progress, and as the excitement showed no indication of diminishing, the traveler knocked loudly on the door.

"Hello!" he cried. "Who's the proprietor of this place?"

"Jest ye stay where ye are," came in feminine tones from the house. "Ezra an' me is decidin' thet p'int now."

Slate.

The material called slate is nothing more or less than a hardened mud, deposited ages ago at the bottom of the seas and subsequently upheaved to its present position.

Do You Want to Know What You Swallow?

There is a growing sentiment in this country in favor of medicines of known composition. It is but natural that one should have some interest in the composition of that which he or she is expected to swallow, whether it be food, drink or medicine.

Recognizing this growing disposition on the part of the public, and satisfied that the fullest publicity can only add to the well-earned reputation of his medicines, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has "taken time by the forelock," as it were, and is publishing broadcast a list of all the ingredients entering into his medicines, "Golden Medical Discovery" the popular liver invigorator, stomach tonic, blood-purifier and heart regulator; also of his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, overworked, broken-down, nervous and invalid women.

This bold and out-spoken movement on the port of Dr. Pierce, has by showing exactly what his well-known medicines are composed of, completely disarmed all harping critics who have heretofore unjustly attacked them. A little pamphlet has been compiled, from the standard medical authorities of all the several schools of practice, showing the strongest endorsements by leading medical writers of the several ingredients which enter into Dr. Pierce's medicines. A copy of this little book is mailed free to any one desiring to learn more concerning the valuable, native, medicinal plants which enter into the composition of Pierce's medicines. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

It's the people who are never in a hurry who claim that it is never too late to mend.

A Reliable Remedy for CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at Druggists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cents. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

SEPTEMBER TRIAL LIST.

Trial list for week beginning Monday, October 5th:

John Atherholt and Lillie Atherholt, vs. Charles Hughes; assumpsit; defendant pleads non assumpsit.

E. D. Tewksbury, administrator, vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Wm. Yohe, Daniel F. Yohe, Naomi Kirkendall, Mary Davis and Hannah Smith vs. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

W. P. Vanderslice, Clara Vanderslice and H. L. Vanderslice vs. Susquehanna, Bloomsburg and Berwick Railroad Company; appeal from the assessment of viewers; defendant pleads not guilty.

Charles Tritt vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Thomas M. Mensch vs Sunbury, Wilkes-Barre and Hazleton Railway Company and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, lessee; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

John Mourer vs The P. & R. Ry. Co.; trespasss, defendant pleads not guilty.

Len Blass vs. The P. & R. Ry. Co.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Catharine Carr vs. The Lehigh Valley Coal Company; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Lydia A. Smith vs. The American Car and Foundry Company; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty

Allen B. Ridge vs. Hawley, Slate Furniture Co. Inc.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

John F. Derr vs. Alfred Kelsey and Clara E. Kelsey; ejectment; defendant pleads not guilty.

Jessie Smith intermarried with Frederick Smith vs. Pennsylvania R. R. Co., lessee of N. and W. B. Ry. Co.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Rathbone, Sard & Co., vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Co.; assumpsit; defendant pleads non assumpsit.

The Fairbanks Company vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Company; assumpsit; defendant pleads non assumpsit.

Archer Averill vs. The Borough of Berwick; appeal from award of viewers.

George F. Craig vs. P. & R. Ry. Co.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Clark H. Hower et al. vs. P. & R. Ry. Co.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

A. B. Croop vs. The P. & R. Ry. Co.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Albright, Son & Co. vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Company; assumpsit; defendant pleads not guilty

Goldsmith Accountants vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Co; assumpsit; defendant pleads non assumpsit.

Freas Kistler vs. The S. B. & B. R. R. Co.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

J. W. Kirkendall vs. C. R. Woodin; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Katie Cain vs. Conyngham Township School District; assumpsit; defendant pleads non assumpsit.

Jacob H. Maust vs. Creasy & Wells; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

M. Mellet vs. H. P. Aurand; assumpsit; defendant pleads non assumpsit with leave, etc.

Sarah Sterner vs. Town of Bloomsburg; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

John A. Grosch, parent, and Norman Grosch, by his father and next friend John A. Grosch vs. The Lehigh Valley Railroad Co.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Lillie Michael vs. The Lehigh Valley Railroad Co.; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Dodge and Day vs. Avery Clinton Sickles; assumpsit; defendant pleads non assumpsit.

Mary McManamin vs. The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Isaac M. Vought et al. vs. The Berwick Electric Light Company; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Catawissa Borough Poor District vs. Columbia County; assumpsit; defendant pleads non assumpsit; statute of limitation, etc.

Roman Risewick vs. American Car and Foundry Co., trespass, defendant pleads not guilty.

John Brophy vs. The Township of Cleveland; trespass; defendant pleads not guilty.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

Every poor man feels that he should give a rich man pointers on how to enjoy his money.

A Human Match Factory.

The body of the average man contains phosphorus sufficient to make 483,840 matches, enough to fill about 6,000 boxes, allowing eighty matches to the box. Phosphorus is one of fourteen elements entering into the composition of the body. It is divided among the bones, flesh, nervous system, and other organs. Without phosphorus the brain would be weak, the body feeble, and the bones would disintegrate leaving man a squidy invertebrate squirming in the dust. The perfect health of the human body requires a perfect balance of the constituent elements of which it is composed. The carbon, iron, lime, sulphur, sodium, etc., must all be replaced as they are used up in human energy. Take all the iron from the blood and the circulation stops. That's death. Change the proper proportion of these substances to each other, destroy their natural balance in the body, and you destroy the balance of health.

THE FOOD WE EAT.

Where do these essential elements of vital force come from? From the food we eat. How are they extracted and distributed to the several organs they sustain? The are extracted and distributed by the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. What happens when the stomach is "weak"? The food is only partly digested and assimilated. And then what? Then the balance of health is destroyed and there's blood "trouble," nerve "trouble," lung "trouble," heart "trouble," or some other "trouble" with the vital organs of the body. Pain is the hunger cry of the starved organs. What then is the logical first step to health?

Put the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition into a condition of sound health. That is just what is done by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and that is just the secret of the many marvelous cures effected by this remedy.

No medicine can make fat or flesh. Food alone can make them. Only the stomach and its allied organs can extract from the food the elements that make flesh and fat and sustain life. "Nerve foods," "blood-making" medicines, are mere fads and fallacies. The stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition prepare and distribute the food.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is not a cure-all. It does one thing. It cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. The rest Nature does. Nature feeds the nerves, enriches the blood, heals the lungs and restores the failing vital powers. "Golden Medical Discovery" only removes the obstructions disease has put in Nature's way.

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery" and it contains neither opium, cocaine nor any other narcotic. Doctor Pierce holds no secrets from you—he tells you that the "Discovery" contains the following ingredients: Golden Seal root, Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherry-bark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and Chemically Pure Glycerine.

From "Organic Medicines," by Grover Coe, M. D., of New York, we extract the following: "Hydrastis (Golden Seal) exercises an especial influence over mucous surfaces. Upon the liver it acts with equal certainty and efficacy. As a cholagogue (liver invigorator), it has few equals. In affections of the spleen, and abdominal viscera generally, it is an efficient and reliable remedy. Also in scrofula, glandular diseases generally, cutaneous eruptions, indigestion, debility, diarrhœa and dysentery, constipation, piles and all morbid and critical discharges."

F. Ellingwood, M. D., says of Stone root (Collinsonia), "stimulates the stomach, acts as a tonic to enfeebled muscular structure of the heart and has a direct influence upon atonic (weak) and dilated or otherwise impaired conditions of the veins. It is a specific remedy in piles. In catarrhal gastritis, where the circulation is defective, it, either alone or combined with hydrastis, is of first importance. They increase the appetite and greatly improve the digestion and assimilation of food. Good for rectal pains and piles of the pregnant woman. Is a heart tonic of direct and permanent influence. Excellent in the bicycle heart, in rheumatic inflammation and clergyman's sore throat."

American Dispensatory says of Blood root, "stimulates digestive organs, increases action of heart and arteries—stimulant and tonic. Very valuable as a cough remedy—acts as a sedative—further valuable as an alterative."

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser is a valuable work for frequent consultation and is free from technical terms. It contains over one thousand pages. It is sent post paid, on receipt of sufficient in one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only, 21 stamps for a copy in flexible paper covers, or 31 stamps for a cloth-bound copy. Address Doctor R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Reforming the Head Hunters.

A curious development is in steady progress in the Solomon Islands, the group of the South Pacific which lies to the West of New Guinea, whose people have earned such unenviable notoriety as head hunters. The young men of the tribes in three fertile and beautiful islands are abandoning the historic pursuit which has made them dreaded for centuries in the South Seas and are taking to the copra industry. Copra, which is the dried interior of the cocoanut, is valued commercially for the oil which can be pressed from it, and some of the young Solomon Islanders are now accumulating considerable wealth by extracting it, though the older generation to whom head hunting is still the only profession for a gentleman, are said to look down upon them as "[illegible]"

MUSIC ON THE BRINY DEEP.

Custom of Band Playing On Vessels Originated by Germans.

The custom of band playing on merchant ships originated on the German liners, says Shipping Illustrated. Afternoon concerts were given by improvised bands, generally recruited in the steward's department, and the same Hans who had split sauce on the lapel of one's coat at breakfast could be seen earnestly blowing the trombone while the band was murdering "Heil dir in Sigeskranz," or a selection from "Freischutz." These primitive musical attempts have progressed like everything else, and today professional orchestras are by no means uncommon on passenger steamers.

The most conservative of British lines has been obliged to follow suit, and very soon it will be impossible to escape from this flood of harmony on the broad Atlantic as it is now to find actual rest and for a week at least remain out of the reach of Wall street news. Whether this evolution of the steamship into a floating hotel, with all the discomforts of the latter, as well as its advantages, constitutes a real improvement remains as yet to be proved. The question may be asked in all seriousness whether steamship companies are not now giving their patrons more than they really expect for their money, and certain it is that there are many—and among these genuine lovers of music—who would prefer to eat their dinner in peace and silence.

It is said that music as a feature of the dining room has become in vogue owing to the prevailing dullness of the present age. Conversation is a lost art and nothing better than music could be found to enliven the atmosphere while all are maintaining an awkward silence. To the few, however, who need the spice of agreeable talk to facilitate digestion music at table is a positive nuisance. The man making a trip to banish unpleasant memories from his mind will not take kindly to the heart-rending notes of "I Pagliacci" or to Schubert's "Serenade." The flighty music of Puccini may become perfectly abhorent to him who has just been apprised by wireless of enormous financial losses, while the inexperienced, making his first trip, who may be thinking of "the girl he left behind him," will become unnerved when the orchestra unfeelingly reminds him that la donna e mobile. In short music should be restored at sea to what it originally was. Nothing is better than an open-air concert on the boat deck on a calm afternoon, but let the atmosphere of the dining room at least remain free from all melody save that produced by the clinking of glasses, the popping of corks and the soft murmur that rises over an assemblage of well-bred folks gently conversing.

New Life-Saving Appliance.

An apparatus for life saving at sea has been invented by Mr. R. Lavachery, a Belgian engineer residing at Chapultepec, Mexico. It consists of a rifled cannon from which a projectile is fired; to the projectile are attached a cable, an anchor, and a rocket. The mechanism is said to be very simple, and for humanitarian reasons the inventor has not patented it.

No goods can be landed in Turkey which bear a trademark at all resembling a crescent.

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each: Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

"The Philadelphia Record" Actively Supports Bryan

A Presidential contest that will undoubtedly be waged with unwonted vigor on both sides of the line dividing the great national parties is now in full swing. Politics will be the principal topic of discussion wherever men congregate until the claims of the rival candidates shall be settled at the ballot-box in November. It goes without saying that accurate information of all the important moves on the campaign chess-board will be indispensable to every wide-awake voter.

Democrats turn naturally to "The Philadelphia Record" for such information. It is the only Democratic newspaper in Philadelphia recognized the country over as one of the leading exponents of Democratic opinion on this edge of the Continent. It is fair, though partisan; it chronicles the telling blow, no matter who is hit. Suppression and misrepresentation are weapons that have no place in its armory. "Square deal" Democrats and Republicans will find the daily budget of "The Record" essential to an intelligent understanding of the progress of a lively Presidential canvass.

No newspaper ever achieved popularity on the strength of its political attitude alone. "The Philadelphia Record" is no exception to the rule. It is lifted above the common level by many distinctive features that appeal to the varied interests of every member of the household. It prints the news—all the news—in a concise, brisk form that has come to be known, even among its contemporaries, as "Record style." A proper sense of perspective dictates its thorough presentation of happenings in its own immediate field—Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland. Its editorial treatment of the questions of the day is at once well-balanced and aggressive.

"The Philadelphia Record" exploits no fads and rides no hobbies, but it is preeminent in its special departments. It is the recognized authority in the field of sports and the turf. Farmers and shippers swear by its market reports, which are always complete, accurate and wholly reliable. To the practical man its columns of popularized science are entertaining and helpful; the practical woman finds the matters that lie nearest to her heart treated amply—and sanely—in a department devoted to the home, dress and the world of feminine achievement. There is a corner in "The Record" for boys and girls; a weekly column of condensed, up-to-date information for the farmer; a daily bouquet of breezy anecdotes—"The Reporter's Nosegay"—so good that they are clipped and reprinted by newspaper editors throughout the country.

If you want a clean newspaper, worthy to occupy an honored place in the home circle—

If you want a live newspaper without a streak of yellow in its make-up—

If you want a stalwart Democratic newspaper that will keep you thoroughly posted on every phase of a stirring national campaign—

If you want a family newspaper the profit and pleasure of reading which will be shared by others, no matter how diverse their tastes and inclinations—

You want "The Philadelphia Record." It is the only paper that fills the bill.

"The Philadelphia Record"

will be mailed to your address at the following rates:

Daily (including Sunday), per year.$4.50
Every week day, per year..... 3.00
Sunday Record, per year..... 1.50

6-3 tf

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The Great

AMERICAN FARMER

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The Leading Agricultural Journal of the Nation. Edited by an Able Corps of Writers.

The American Farmer is the only Literary Farm Journal published. It fills a position of its own and has taken the leading place in the homes of rural people in every section of the United States. It gives the farmer and his family something to think about aside from the humdrum of routine duties.

Every Issue Contains an Original Poem by SOLON GOODE

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The Oldest County Paper and THE AMERICAN FARMER

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Pennsylvania Railroad

PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS TO

NIAGARA FALLS

October 7, 1908

Round-Trip Rate **$7.30 from East Bloomsburg**

Tickets good going on train leaving 11:45 A. M., connecting with Special Train of Pullman Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Day Coaches running via the

PICTURESQUE SUSQUEHANNA VALLEY ROUTE

Tickets good returning on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS, including date of excursion. Stop-off within limit allowed at Buffalo returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agen

6-25-15t

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Limeridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00 *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a.m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
	†	†	†	21
Bloomsburg D L & W...	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill.....	9 14	2 52	6 29	6 20
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 28
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 58	7 08
Zaners.....	9 40	3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons.....	†10 00	†3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek.....	†10 03	†3 40	†7 21	8 56
Laubachs.....	†10 08	†3 45	†7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park.....	†10 10	†3 47	†7 28	....
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41	6
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45	1

SOUTHWARD

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	22 A.M.
	†	†	†	†	†
Jamison City.....	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central.....	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 46
Grass Mere Park	†6 01	†11 00	†4 47	†7 12	.....
Laubachs.....	†6 03	†11 02	†4 48	†7 13	11 52
Coles Creek.....	†6 12	†11 06	†4 53	†7 22	12 05
Edsons.....	†6 14	†11 09	†4 56	†7 24	12 10
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners.....	†6 35	†11 29	†5 17	†7 45	12 53
Forks.....	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill.....	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R....	...	...	...	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

Trains No 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily ¶ Sunday only. † Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

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DR. MILES' ANTI-PAIN PILLS FOR Headache

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SCIATICA.
RHEUMATISM.
BACKACHE.
PAIN IN CHEST.
DISTRESS IN STOMACH.
SLEEPLESSNESS

TAKE ONE of the Little Tablets AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

If you have Headache Try One

They Relieve Pain Quickly, leaving no bad After-effects

25 Doses 25 Cents
Never Sold in Bulk

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OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1908.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT.
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN W. KERN,
of Indiana.

Democratic State Ticket.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT,
WEBSTER GRIMM,
of Bucks County.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS,
JOHN G. McHENY,
of Benton.

FOR MEMBER OF LEGISLATURE,
WM. T. CREASY,
of Catawissa,

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
FREEZE QUICK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
FRANK W. MILLER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN MOUREY,
of Roaring Creek Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
CHARLES L. POHE,
of Catawissa.

JERRY A. HESS,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
CLYDE L. HIRLEMAN,
of Benton Borough,
(Second Term.)

HARRY CREASY,
of Bloomsburg.
(Second Term)

LINCOLN'S ADVICE IGNORED.

The panic of the Republican managers has been revealed in various ways, lately. Last week we referred to the danger signal thrown up by the editor of the Chicago *Tribune* and the fear expressed by President Roosevelt. "Something must be done," the Chicago editor said, "to make the Western and Middle Western States safe for Taft." Roosevelt followed by declaring that he didn't like the reports he was getting and supplemented that with a hysterical letter to one of the cattle barons who has many and large reasons for keeping the government in the hands of his friends. That was the dernier resort of a desperate man.

But things have happened since which have multiplied their distress. The cordial welcome with which Mr. Bryan has been received in the east and the exposure of Foraker's relationship with the Standard Oil company are equally demoralizing and the Republican machine hasn't in the least underesti mated their importance. The first demonstration of this is in the substitution of United States Senator Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, for Frank Hitchcock, as chairman of the Republican National committee. Hitchcock was big enough for a small job. If Mr. Bryan had been antagonized by the eastern Democrats as he was twelve and eight years ago, Hitchcock would have been a good enough chairman.

But conditions are not as they were twelve and eight years ago. When Mr. Bryan was in Delaware, a few days ago, he dined at the residence of Judge Gray and slept at the home of Willard Saulsbury. Last Sunday he took dinner with Judge Parker, at Esopus, and spent the night with David B. Hill, in Albany. There are no gold Democrats or silver Democrats, this year. They are all just plain Democrats and heart and soul for Bryan's election and that means that he will carry Delaware, New York and a lot of other States and be elected. The Republicans understand this and in their panic have ignored Lincoln's advice to never trade horses while crossing a stream.

—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

DEMORALIZED REPUBLICANS.

All the jaunty confidence with which the Republicans began the campaign has disappeared. Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft are greatly worried. Chairman Hitchcock has prepared an admirable card-index and broken all records for travel on the Twentieth Century Limited, but there has been no Republican campaign visible to the naked eye and Mr. Roosevelt is frantically writing letters in an attempt to arouse the voters.

There are factional fights in nearly every debatable state—New York Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa. Even in such a rock-ribbed Republican state as Michigan the rival candidates for Governor are contesting the count of the vote in the recent primaries, and there is a possibility that the state ticket on election day will be without a head. The only factional contests which have yielded to the ministrations of the National committee are those in West Virginia and Tennessee. The Foraker revelations have stunned the leaders. With the election only four weeks off the Republican party is more demoralized than it was the day after the nominations were made.

—*Lock Haven Democrat.*

A two prong buck deer was found dead in the canal bed near Chulaskey last Thursday. It is believed to be one of three deer that have been seen several times lately near Danville. It was probably struck by an engine and thrown into the canal.

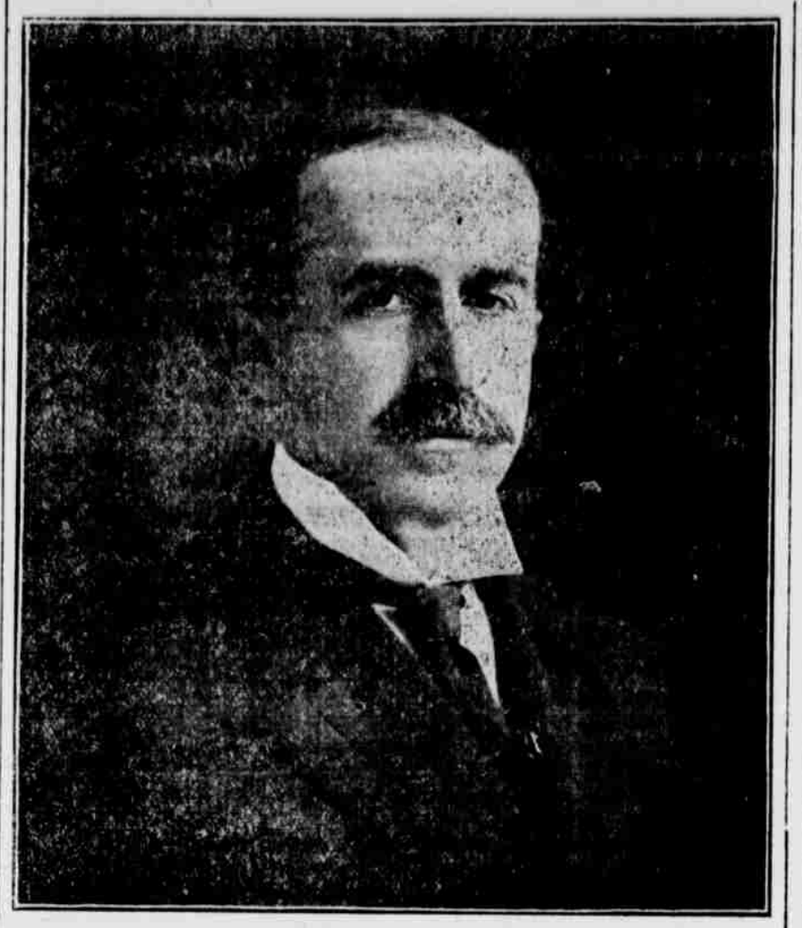
Does Your Heart Beat

Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. And you know precisely what to take for bad blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Doctors have endorsed it for 60 years.

One frequent cause of bad blood is a sluggish liver. This produces constipation. Poisonous substances are then absorbed into the blood. Keep the bowels open with Ayer's Pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.



JOHN G. McHENRY,
Candidate for Second Congressional Term.

A VERY HIGH COMPLIMENT.

Article from *Daily Mail* giving extracts of letter from Hon. John Sharp Williams, Minority Leader House of Representatives:

That Hon. John G. McHenry's services in Congress were highly appreciated by his colleagues has been frequently shown. His speeches were freely complimented by supporters and opponents of the policies he advocated and from the first he was given a high place in the councils of the body. Assigned to the Committee on Banking and Currency, an unusual honor to bestow on a new member, his opinions were given the highest consideration by the members of that committee. His selection as the Pennsylvania member of the Democratic Congressional committee reveals the confidence reposed in him by his Pennsylvania colleagues of that party faith.

But no compliment has been bestowed on him that should count for more in the minds of his constituents than one which has just been received by the editor of "The Daily Mail," from the pen and the heart of that splendid specimen of moral and intellectual manhood, Hon. John Sharp Williams, of Mississippi. A marked copy of the "Daily Mail" containing Mr. McHenry's Bedford Springs' speech of the guarantee of deposits having been sent to Mr. Williams he acknowledged receipt in a characteristic letter. After refering to some personal matters, Mr. Williams adverts to the Bedford Springs' speech. "Mr. McHenry deals with the question with his usual ability" he writes, "striking the salient points and meeting the salient objections Few districts in any State have had better Representatives in Congress than John G. McHenry—industrious, attentive, courteous, faithful to party principles, still an independent thinker and talker, subordinating the play of his intellect to nothing except the acknowledged standards of right and wrong and the proper and legitimate authority of the party to whose school of politics he belongs. He is a credit to Pennsylvania and his district."

These are not the careless expressions of an idle mind. They express the mature judgment of a parliamentary leader whose character is so high and reputation for probity and candor so well established that his political opponents manifested for him the most profound respect. Even Speaker Cannon practically apologized to him in a public statement, during the last session, after a debate between them, on a pending question Mr. Williams will retire from the House at the close of his present term, having been elected to succeed Mr. Money in the United States Senate.

The Party Barrels This Year.

The matter of raising campaign funds is troubling both of the leading national parties just now. It is a fact that the conduct of a national campaign by one of the leading parties calls for legitimate expenditures amounting to about $1,000,000. This money has to come from somewhere. Before the public conscience became aroused and regulations were applied in this field, it was the custom to seek and obtain great sums from corporations. That period in our national politics has gone by. This year it will be necessary in both parties to raise money in comparatively small sums given by individuals and not by the officials of corporations using the company's money. Here is an advance to be rejoiced in. Under the new order of things it, therefore becomes the duty of individual Democrats, Republicans and the members of the other political parties to supply funds for the conduct of the campaign.

Under our political system it is not only entirely legitimate for citizens to make such contributions, but it is a duty to do so. In order to provide for the ongoing of the Government, to which we all owe our protection, it rests with the people to see that the preliminaries for an election—that is, the legitimate expenses thereof—are suitably provided for.

—*Springfield Republican.*

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied.

Bi-County C. E. Convention.

Remember the dates of the C. E. Convention (Columbia and Montour counties) which meets at Benton, Pa., October 22 and 23, 1908.

The Executive Committee has planned to have this convention be "The Best Yet," and the way to have these plans carried out is to see that each Christian Endeavor Society in the Bi-County Union sends at least one delegate.

A large attendance, splendid music and the presence of several good C. E. workers with good addresses, all prove that a profitable time is expected.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Read all About the Great Founders' Week Celebration.

The 225th anniversary of the city of Philadelphia will be celebrated from October 4th to the 10th. Preparations to make it a great success have been under way for months. It is going to be worth seeing. It will be the greatest celebration Philadelphia has ever seen. A great program has been arranged. Every evening Philadelphia's history will be dramatized on Franklin Field. There will be a 200-mile automobile race within the city limits and many other interesting events. The city will be glled with visitors and for the benefit and comfort of many people "The Philadelphia Press" will have a registration and information bureau and will print daily a list of the people from out of town who register. If you are so unfortunate that you cannot attend be sure to read "The Philadelphia Press" every day, for it will cover fully the many features of Philadelphia's 225th anniversary.

Bloomsburg Souvenir Books, 48 half tone pictures, 25 cents, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Philadelphia Scrapple.

Boil three or four pounds of fresh pork (quite fat) until very tender; then take out the meat, and season the water in which it was boiled, and thicken it with yellow corn meal, as thick as for hasty pudding, and let it cook a long time, to thoroughly cook the meat. Chop the meat tolerably fine, season well, and add it to the mush. When it is cooked, put it into square bread tins to cool; when cold, cut in slices, and fry in a spider until brown. It should not require any fat for frying.—*October Woman's Home Companion.*

A World of Dress Goods

In Our First Fall Fabric Showing

Not one fashionable weave or coloring but what is represented in our Dress Goods Department. Our showing is broad—comprehensive—complete—satisfying.

What the dress particular, tasteful woman wants is here—whether it be a plain chiffon broadcloth in one of the new green tones or a mannish overplaid mixture—smiling from among stores of other modish weaves.

And perhaps the most note worthy feature of the exhibit is the price lowness. We bought early and especially advantageously. Now we would pay from 10 to 20 per cent. more for many of the fabrics. You of course get the benefit of our fortunate purchasing. Prices tell—take note of them when you come.

A Few of the Many New Fabrics.

DIAGONAL—in navy blue, brown and green, 50 inches wide, six yards makes an entire suit. Price 79 cents a yard.

FANCY PANAMA—46 inches wide in stripes, checks and plaids as well as all the wanted plain colors at $1.00 a yard.

STORM SERGES AND CHEVIOTS—in blue, brown, red, green and black—steam shrunk and ready to make 36 and 54 inches wide. Prices 50c to $1.50 the yard.

SHADOW STRIPE CHIFFON PANAMA—40 to 44 inches wide in blue, green, garnet, red, brown and black. 75c to $1.00 the yard.

FANCY STRIPE DIAGONAL 54 inches wide, very beautiful material in blue, brown and black Price $1.00 yd.

BLACK VOILE - always wanted for fine separate skirts. 44 in. wide, $1.00 to $1.50 a yard.

FANCY BROAD CLOTH—50 in. wide in blue, green and brown, with wide shadow stripe effect, just the thing for your new fall suit $1.75 the yard.

A wide variety of high class WOOL TAFFETA in the season's latest colorings in green, blue, garnet, brown, gray and black, 40 in. wide at $1.00 a yard.

SHEPHERDS PLAID -- in black and white, blue and white and brown and white 36 to 44 inches wide, 50c to 75c a yard.

FANCY SUITINGS--36 in. wide, new Diagonal weaves as well as shadow stripes in all the new Autumn colors, 50c a yard.

HERRINGBONE WORSTED 40 to 44 in. wide high class fabrics in a wide variety of styles in red, brown, blue, green and black, 75c to $1.39 a yard.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

We Have Ten Styles of

Envelopes and Paper to Match

—FOR—

Invitations, Acceptances, Regrets
Announcements, &c.

Full size Wedding with two Envelopes, down to Billet-doux size with Card to Fit.

Twenty-Four Styles of Type

FOR CARDS AND INVITATIONS.

We Do All Kinds of Printing

Columbian Printing House,

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Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds
For 75 years the favorite family medicine for throat and lungs.

The New Styles in Fall Regals at

EVANS'

Every man in Bloomsburg should drop in and see the handsome new styles in our complete stock of

FALL REGALS.

There's a Regal custom style to suit everyone's preference, and you can be certain that your Regals will have the same true shape when you are ready to discard the shoes as they did the day you bought them.

CHAS. M. EVANS

Exclusive Sales Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG FAIR.

The Fifty-Fourth Annual Fair of the Columbia County Agricultural Society will be held October 6, 7, 8, and 9. Liberal purses with the splendid track will engage the best field of horses ever brought together in the state. Wednesday 2:18 and 2:25 pace and 2:27 trot. Thursday 2:12 and 2:25 pace, 2:16 trot and county race. Friday free for all; 2:20 trot and 2:15 pace. Chaste and meritorious attractions will be given on platform between heats of the races. Batty's Trained Bears being one of the features. Riding School, Ocean Wave, Moving Pictures, Ferris Wheel, Animal Shows and Miniature Railways will be attractive features of the Midway. The Poultry Exhibit alone will be worth the price of admission, 25 cents. Bloomsburg Fair is a veritable Old Home Week.

This exhibition promises to be a record breaker in every department. All other indications point this way and it only requires the gracious favors of the weather man to make it such.

HI HENRY DEAD.

Hi Henry, the famous minstrel man, who has often appeared in Bloomsburg at the head of his minstrel company, is dead. He was stricken with paralysis recently at his home near Boise, Idaho. He was born in Gowanda, N. Y., and later in life moved to Renovo, where he was employed in the Pennsylvania railroad shops for a short time. In his early days he was musically inclined and soon became proficient on a cornet, being considered one of the best cornetists in the United States. He organized a minstrel show and visited this town many times. He amassed a fortune in the business.

Mrs. Henry Knorr of Aristes died at the Joseph Ratti Hospital last Thursday. Two days before she had her left foot amputated, but her death resulted from diabetes, of which she had been a victim for some time. The amputation was made necessary by blood poisoning resulting from the cutting of a bunion.

For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

People living in the upper end of Dauphin county say that they have never known so many deer to be seen in the seven mountain ranges which cross the county into Perry. Deer have been rare in Dauphin until this spring, but this fall the number has increased to a surprising extent. The explanation is that the deer left the Juniata Valley because of the fires in the woods and sought shelter in Perry, where they crossed the Susquehanna into Dauphin county.

That there are a number of bears and deer on the Nescopeck mountain is the report of farmers who live in that section. One day last week William Hertz, of Berwick, while bicycling along the creek, passed a small doe that was drinking at the stream. The doe fled up the hill at his approach. Bear tracks have been seen along the creek also, and it is believed that the drought has dried up the mountain springs so that to get to water the wild animals must come near to civilization. A farmer saw three bear cubs across the creek with a mother bear last week also.

Albra W. Baker, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

DISEASES OF CHILDREN A SPECIALTY

Corner of Third and West Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hours:—Until 10 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Both Telephones.

5-7-6m

Making Guesses on Winter Weather.

All the Old Signs Indicate Plenty of Snow and Extreme Cold.

Local weather prophets are already predicting a severe winter. They contend that weeds have grown to an unusual height and that this indicates a severe winter and lots of snow, since nature causes the weeds to grow tall, so that birds can feed upon the seeds when the ground is covered with snow. Another indication, it is contended, is the fact that squirrels carry their winter supply of grain and other food into hollow trees. When they deposit them in less secure places, like hollow fence rails, a mild winter may be looked for. Said a farmer: "My great grandfather used to say that whenever there was a good crop of persimmons the Indians would provide themselves with a good supply of buffalo meat for they were sure of a severe winter. The persimmon crop is a prolific one this year and you can look for a severe winter." A close observer had this to say: "A dry summer is invariably followed by a winter with lots of snow."

Summary of Game Laws in Pennsylvania.

The following is taken from the table issued by Dr. Joseph Kalbfus, secretary of the Game Commission, as it appears in his 1907 digest. With no session of Legislature this year there can be of course no conflicting regulations:

Bear, unlimited, October 1 to March 1st.

Black birds, all kinds, unlimited, September 1st to January 1st.

Doves (Mourning or Turtle) unlimited, September 1 to January 1.

Deer, male with horns, one each season, November 15 to Dec. 1st.

Pheasant, English, Monaghan or Chinese, five in one day, twenty in one week, fifty in one season, October 15th to December 1st.

Grouse (Ruffled) commonly called pheasant, five in one day, twenty in one week, fifty in one season, October 1st to December 1st.

Hare or rabbit, unlimited, October 15th to December 1st.

Quail, commonly called Virginia Partridge, ten in one day, forty in one week, 75 in one season, November only.

Webfooted wild fowl of all kinds, unlimited, September 1 to April 10.

Wild turkey, one in a day, four in one season, October 15th to December 1st.

Woodcock, ten in one day, twenty in one week, fifty in one season, October 1st to December 1st.

Squirrel, fox, black or grey, six of combined kinds in one day, Oct. 1st to December 1st.

Shore birds, unlimited, September 1st to January 1st.

Snipe, Jack or Wilson, unlimited, September 1st to May 1st.

Plover, unlimited, July 15 to December 1st.

Remember that game killed in this commonwealth may be had in possession only during the open season for such game and for fifteen days thereafter.

No deer, pheasant or quail killed within the commonwealth can be bought or sold at any time.

No pheasant killed outside the commonwealth can be sold within the commonwealth except during the open season in this state and thirty days thereafter.

No wild turkey or woodcock killed either within or without the commonwealth can be bought or sold at any time.

All other game can be bought or sold in season.

No game of any kind can be legally carried or in any manner removed from the state.

The latest information regarding the Soldiers' Monument is that it will be shipped on October 1st. A similar assurance was given in August that it would be shipped on September 1st. The public can rest content with the expectation that it will be here some time.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
—OF THE—

Farmers National Bank,

at Bloomsburg, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business September 23rd, 1908.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$205,257.00
Overdrafts secured and unsecured		441.10
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		60,000.00
Bonds, Securities, &c.		212,687.75
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures		5,000.00
Other real estate owned		2,500.00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		8,456.95
Due from State Banks and Bankers		308.19
Due from approved reserve agents		70,358.69
Checks and other cash items		2,001.76
Notes of other National Banks		4,500.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cts.		151.92
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:		
Specie	16,707.05	
Legal Tender Notes	19,150.00	35,857.05
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		3,000.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		1,000.00
Total		$500,920.41

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$60,000.00
Surplus fund		60,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		44,585.90
National Bank Notes outstanding		58,250.00
Due to other National Banks		1,072.61
Due to State Banks and Bankers		105.89
Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks		224.74
Dividends unpaid	548.00	
Individual deposits, subject to check	471,030.88	
Certified checks	200.02	
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,909.37	476,688.27
Total		$500,920.41

State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
County of Columbia }

I, M. MILLEISEN, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. MILLEISEN, CASHIER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of Sept. 1908

ROBT. L. RUNYON, Notary Public.
My Commission Expires Feb'y 11, 1911.

CORRECT—Attest:

JNO. L. MOYER,
C. M. CREVELING,
W. L. WHITE,
} Directors.

A Strong and Well-Balanced Magazine

Lippincott's brings out an especially good number for October. The complete novel is of an unusual type, with Hawaii as a background. The writer, Jessie Kaufman, lived for some time in this "Paradise of the Pacific," and she gives us a most realistic picture of life there. Her character drawing is wonderful, and one cannot but suspect that she has taken the liberty of sketching various people whom she has met. The plot has to do with the mysterious disappearance of a costly jewel during one of the delightful social functions characteristic of the Islands. Circumstances point to the guilt of one of two men, both of whom seem to be above suspicion. But the real culprit is finally revealed, and all ends happily, though not before there has ensued a series of entanglements complications which would prove most harrowing in real life, and which in the story keep the reader constantly on the *qui vive* to see what is going to happen next.

There is the usual array of clever short stories, the most noteworthy being "The School-mother," by Owen Oliver; "The Pinhead," by Caroline Lockhert; "The Angel of Happy Hollow," by Luellen Cass Teters; "Cupid—and a Call," by Edith Morgan Willett, and "The Lone Huntsman," by Joseph A. Altsheler.

Herbert Dunlap writes of "The Racial Pot-pourri on the Isthmus." George L. Knapp discourses entertainingly on "The Service of Fear." Mrs. La Salle Corbell Pickett contributes "A Memory of Pickett's Brigade." There is also a striking and illuminative article on "Founder's Week," Philadelphia's big celebration marking her 225th birthday. All who have thought of visiting the City of Brotherly Love during the week beginning October 4 will do well to read this paper.

Poems by well known singers and the humorous section, "Walnuts and Wine," complete the number—a very creditable one.

Wise and Otherwise.

"Pa!" "Well, what is it?" "Pa, when I grow up how will I keep from marrying the wrong woman?" "You won't."—*Life.*

Mrs. Grameocy—"what do we need for dinner?" Bridget—"Shure, Mum, Oi tripped over the rug an' we need a new set of dishes."—*Puck.*

Johnny—"Going to school?" Tommy—'Naw, I don't have to; the candidate said he never seen a more intelligent audience, and I was one of 'em."—*New York Sun.*

Mother (crossly)—"Tommy, haven't I told you you must not talk when I am talking?" Tommy—"But, mamma, you won't let me stay up after you go to bed."—*Sketch.*

"You are not going to stay in town late tonight, are you, John?" "Not very late, dearest. I have to help put a man through the third degree at the lodge. I'll come straight home as soon as it's over." (Kindly, but firmly)—"If you can repeat the password, 'Six slim slick Saplings,' distinctly when you come home from the lodge, John, the servant will admit you; and if you can't, you needn't ring. You'll stay outside all night, my dear." John came home early.—*Illustrated Bits.*

SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANTS.

Towns Burdened With Debt Will Not be Compelled to Erect Them.

The following extract from an address delivered recently by Dr. F. H. Snow, of the state board of health, at the convention of the representatives of third class cities in Altoona, will be read with interest by the people of Bloomsburg, inasmuch as Dr. Snow, who was authorized to speak for Dr. Dixon, makes clear the purposes of the state health authorities in reference to sewage disposal, and stated that the financial standing and borrowing possibilities of cities and towns were always carefully considered before a demand was made to erect new sewage plants. Dr. Snow said it is ever the desire of the health authorities to be right than popular. Dr. Dixon, for whom he was authorized to speak officially, would be willing to change any orders given if it could be clearly shown that such change would best serve the interests of the public health. As to the matter of proceeding against corporations and manufacturers for stream pollution, he said the department is not waging a warfare against the operations of industries on account of trade wastes, else many plants would be compelled to close down. These trade wastes, he averred, kill fish but not human beings, and the acidity of water caused by drainage while unfit for use by manufacturing companies, becomes again suitable for a water supply as the stream widens and increases in volume. There is a vast difference between a nuisance and a menace and it is when the former becomes the latter that the department takes action. The wastes of the human body are deadly poison. They contain live germs instead of chemical poison that live for days after being deposited in the water, and it is always unsafe to drink water in which sewage is deposited. The filter is one safeguard, though a temporary shutdown of the filtration system may cause disease. As to the alleged hardship placed by the department on towns unable to bear the expense of erecting costly plants the doctor said a misconception of the real objects and purposes of the department exists in the minds of those making these charges. In no case has this been done, the officials ever considering the financial standing, indebtedness and borrowing possibilities of towns asked to move in this direction.

In not a few cases have costly blunders been made in sewer construction by cities, that could have been prevented had the assistance of the department been secured; therefore such plans must now be placed before the board for its approval before the same will be sanctioned. In cities where the proper funds are not available it is often possible to have sewage disposal plants constructed by private capital, to become the property of the municipality after a certain number of years, and he would recommend the encouragement of this plan.

The convention seemed very much alive to the points covered by the doctor in his address and at its conclusion many questions were asked. As to the question of securing state aid for the erection of the necessary plants he said that in every instance where a decree has been issued the financial condition of the town has been considered and specific instructions gtven to govern the case.

That Girl Minnie Ha-Ha.

There will be on exhibition at the Columbia County Fair, October 6-9, one of the strangest of all human beings, Minnie Ha-Ha, the Australian Bush Girl. She is the only one that represents her peculiar race of people alive in America. Stands 3 feet, 9 inches in height, weighs 39 pounds, and when angry has the strength of two men combined. The many moods of Minnie Ha-Ha are a source of continued interest. One moment she is quiet and gentle, mimicking all sorts of people and things, and the next moment she displays spiteful, weird and vindictive feelings, being turned by the slightest circumstance.

She readily understands all that is said in her presence in English. Her own language, that of the Australian Bushman, she has forgotten, so long is it since she was brought to this country. Her restlessness is pronounced, she never sitting down during the day, and a nurse being required to keep her in bed at night. She relishes being on exhibition, and as this will be her first appearance in Bloomsburg there is no doubt but what That Girl Minnie Ha Ha will be the leading attraction at the great Columbia County Fair.

A man likes to take an interest in politics so as to be able to damn the Government harder.—*New York Press.*

PE-RU-NA RECEIVES PRAISE

For Relieving Such Symptoms as Debility, Backache and Headache.

Mrs. Tressie Nelson, 609 North 5th Ave., Nashville, Tenn., writes: "As Peruna has done me a world of good I feel in duty bound to tell of it, in hopes that it may meet the eye of some who has suffered as I did.

"For five years I really did not know what a perfectly well day was, and if I did not have

MRS. TRESSIE NELSON.

headache, I had backache or a pain somewhere and really life was not worth the effort I made to keep going.

"A good friend advised me to use Peruna and I was glad to try anything, and I am very pleased to say that six bottles made a new woman of me and I have no more pains and life looks bright again."

There are a great many phases of *woman's ailments* that require the assistance of the surgeon.

But by far the greatest number of *such cases are amenable to correct medicinal treatment.*

A vast multitude of women have been relieved from the ailments peculiar to their sex through the use of Peruna as prescribed by Dr. Hartman.

He receives many letters from all parts of the country relating to subjects of vital interest to womankind.

Of the vast multitude of women Dr. Hartman treats annually, only a small per cent. of them consider it necessary to write to the Doctor at all.

While it is not affirmed that Peruna will relieve every case of this kind, it is certainly *the part of wisdom for every woman so afflicted to give Peruna a fair trial.*

Mrs. Joseph Lacelle, 124 Bronson St., Ottawa, East, Ontario, Canada, writes: "I suffered with *backache and headache* for over nine months and nothing relieved me until I took Peruna. This medicine is by far better than any other medicine for these troubles. A few bottles relieved me of my miserable, half-dead, half-alive condition.

"*I am now in good health,* have neither ache nor pain, nor have I had any for the past year. If every suffering woman would take Peruna, they would soon know its value and never be without it."

Mrs. M. Kliner, 2648 E. 36th St., S. E., Cleveland, Ohio, writes:

"I am enjoying good health since taking your medicine. I had suffered for a good many years previous to taking Peruna, and ever since I can say that I do not know what headache or neuralgia is. I can most assuredly say that anybody afflicted with catarrh in any form can be cured by taking Peruna."

1/4 OFF YOUR BILL

That's what THE CLARK STORE offers you now on their Entire Stock of

All Wool Dress Goods, Embroideries and Laces, and Counterpanes.

You reap the benefit in this big sale of these dependable and reliable goods by saving 25 per cent. Just so much interest on your money, and the goods are what you need. Don't delay if you wish to share in this saving. Act now while the offer is on.

$6.75 SILK PETTICOATS $4.69.

All Wool Tailored Suits 1/2 Price.

THE CLARK STORE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

FOUNDERS' WEEK PHILADELPHIA.

From October 4 to 10 Philadelphia will celebrate the 225th Anniversary of the City's founding by a series of remarkable events.

On Monday afternoon 25,000 soldiers, sailors, and marines will parade. The Police and Fire Departments will parade on Tuesday afternoon, depicting their development from the early times. Wednesday afternoon will witness one of the greatest industrial parades ever seen in this country. Over 100 floats will illustrate the evolution of the City's industries. A great river pageant will be given on Thursday afternoon, in which 500 vessels including United States and foreign warships will participate. Fifteen thousand uniformed Red Men with historical floats will parade in the evening. On Friday the first great historical pageant ever given in America, illustrating by 40 floats and 5000 costumed characters the history of Philadelphia, will be the grand climax of the celebration. The P. O. S. of A. will parade in the evening. Saturday will be devoted to athletics, motor races, and Knights Templar parades. The city will be specially illuminated every night and a musical-historical drama "Philadelphia" will be given every evening on Franklin Field.

Special tickets to Philadelphia will be sold October 2 to 10, good to return until October 12, at reduced rates; minimum rate $1.00. See Ticket Agents. 9-17-24.

"Politeness costs nothing," said the man of ready-made wisdom. "I guess," answered Mr. Cumrox, "that you never had any experience with these cafe waiters who regulate their politeness by the size of the tip."—*Washington Star.*

De Lush—"Great Scott man! You're half drunk. McSosh—"That's not my fault." De Lush—"Not your fault?" McSosh—Faw, I've spent all the money I had—couldn't finish it."—*Cleveland Leader.*

BURN NEGRO CHURCHES

Schoolhouses and Lodge Rooms Also Fired in Three Counties.

NIGHT RIDERS' WORK

Warning to the Blacks—Fire Follows Fire Until Twenty Buildings Are Destroyed—Negro Recently Lynched in the District—Victims Afraid to Talk.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 1.—About twenty negro churches, schoolhouses, and lodge rooms have been burned by night riders in the territory formed by the junction of Early, Baker, and Calhoun Counties The territory in which the torch was used is ten miles in area, and not a church was standing in it this morning. Among the burned building were several handsome churches which were erected at great sacrifice by the negroes.

Among the buildings destroyed were Mount Zion Church and schoolhouse, Pleasant Hill Church and schoolhouse, Christ Church and schoolhouse, Little Zion Church and schoolhouse, Belmont Church, Mt. Aetna Church and schoolhouse, New Salem Church and schoolhouse.

The night riders first made their appearance at a point three miles east of Kestler, where the first church was fired. They galloped away toward the east, and before the glare of the first fire had reached its height another was being kindled a few miles away. Fire followed fire, and the destruction of every building to which the torch was applied was complete.

This is the same district where a few months ago a number of negro lodge rooms were dynamited and where several lynchings have recently occurred.

In addition to using the torch the night riders left notices warning the negroes to mend their ways, or worse would follow. Many negroes are fleeing.

Reports differ as to the cause of the arson. One story is that the negroes had been selling cotton too freely instead of holding it for an advance, but the general accepted theory is that the churches were burned because recently a negro in that section attacked the wife of a prominent white planter. Although the negro was lynched, a bitter feeling continued against the negroes.

It is alleged by some of the whites that the negroes use their lodge rooms and churches to form plots, and that several crimes have been planned at these places. There is no clue to the night riders, as all were masked, and the negroes seem to be afraid to talk.

The outrage is condemned by good citizens, and the Governor will be asked to offer a reward for the capture of the night riders.

RICH FARMER MURDERED.

Former Convict Shot and Robbed Him of Watch and Money.

Utica, N. Y., Set. 30.—A cold blooded murder was committed near midnight in the town of Fine, twenty-five miles from Governeur. The victim is Harry Osmer, a prosperous farmer, whose body was found in the sugar bush on his farm with his murderer standing over him. Shots were heard by neighbors, who rushed to the scene and found Leslie Coombs near the corpse. He was arrested and confessed that he murdered Osmer for the purpose of robbery, having stolen the farmer's watch and money, and then shot him down. Coombs was discharged from Dannemora prison less than a week ago after serving a five year sentence for burglary and larceny.

DECISION WILL LET 20,000 MEN VOTE.

One Under Suspended Sentence Cannot Be Deprived of Franchise.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 1.—In a decision handed down by the Court of Appeals it is held that a person who has been convicted of a crime and on whom sentence is suspended can vote without first having been restored to citizenship. The question was raised by George Fabian of New York, who was arrested for illegal voting, on the ground that he had not been restored to citizenship, having two years before been found guilty of burglary, when sentence was suspended. The question passed on was whether the word "convicted" means the verdict of a jury or the solemn judgment of the court. It is understood that the decision will affect the right of about 20,000 persons to vote in this state.

Presidential Elector Resigns.

Albany, Oct. 1.—R. Ross Appleton of Brooklyn, has resigned as an Elector for President and Vice-President on the Republican ticket. His resignation was filed to-day with the Secretary of the State. No reason is given for his action.

Holds the Pulpit at 92 Years.

Middletown, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Believing that activity will tend to prolong his life the Rev. O. P. Crandall, of Ridgebury, Orange County, is occupying pulpits at the age of 92 years.

SAYS COWARDS' ACT COST 110 LIVES.

Captain of the Bark Star of Bengal Accuses Tug Skippers of Abandoning Vessel.—

Wrangel, Alaska, Oct. —One of twenty-seven surviors of one hundred and thirty-seven persons on the bark Star of Bangal, which during a storm went on the rocks and was torn to pieces at the end of Coronation Island, Captain Wagner charges the captains of the tugs Kayak and Hattie Gage, which cut loose from him, with rank cowardice.

That the two tugs which were towing the heavily laden cannery vessel to sea, deliberately cut loose from her during the storm is admitted by Captain Farrer, of the Hattie Gage, who gives this account of the disaster.

"As we came within reach of the gale we could see that we were making leeway and drifting toward Coronation Island. The Kayak was light and could do nothing. The Hattie Gage could not handle the ship alone. At four o'clock the Star of Bengal drifted into a narrow bight and we could see land on both sides abreast. We sounded and found eight fathoms. We could see the vessel dimly by the phosphorous rocks, which were all around. We cut the towline and steamed out into open water, but could not see anything in the driving rain, except one blue light burning on the ship. The storm increased and the tugs steamed to Shipley Bay, twenty-six miles away."

The news of the disaster was brought by Capt. Farrer of the Hattie Gage, which carried the survivors, twenty-seven in all. The survivors before leaving Coronation Island buried the bodies of fifteen white men on the beach. Those buried were:—

Charles Buchanan, Carl Bore, Joseph Griffin, Andrew Hanson, Frank Healy, Norman Hawkins, George Hendrickson, Benjamin Johnson, Sigurd Nelson, Erick Person, William Perischke, Peter Peterson, John Peterson, Olaf Peterson and Simon Swenson.

The cable ship Burnside, which left for the scene of the wreck at midnight, as soon as the news was received, returned with the news that the Star of Bengal was a total loss, only the ends of the masts showing above water.

The ships books and papers were found on the beach. One man had matches and a fire was built with kerosene from the wreck. The fire kept the survivors from freezing.

EBERHARD GUILTY: TO GO TO PRISON.

Slayer of Aunt Changes Plea and Is Sentenced to Thirty Years.

Hackensack, N. J., Sept. 28.—Gus Eberhard's trial for the murder of his aunt, Mrs. Ottillie Eberhad, came to a sudden by the prisoner withdrawing his plea of not guilty and pleading non vult. After a few formalities had been disposed of the prisoner was sentenced by Judge Parker to thirty years at hard labor in State prison.

The change of plea followed an hour's conference between the lawyers and judges.

5 BROWN BROKERS IN ROGUES' PHOTOS.

Firm Members Arrested on Charges of Larceny.

New York, N. Y., Sept. 28.—Five of the six members of the bankrupt Wall Street brokerage house of A. O. Brown & Co., were arrested on charges of larceny. While Edward Lauterbach, their counsel, was pleading with Magistrate Finn in the Tombs Court to save his clients from the ignominy of being measured and photographed for the Rogues' gallery, the police calmly went ahead with their work of taking the pictures, measurements and thumb prints of the accused men.

The prisoners were A. O. Brown, Edward F. Buchanan, W. Rhea Whitman, Samuel C. Brown and Lewis C. Young.

E. R. MEEKER AND WIFE DIES.

New Jersey Ex-Assembly Man's Wife Survives Him Only Two Hours.

Elizabeth, N. J., Sept. 30.—Ex-Assemblyman Ellis R. Meeker and his wife died at their home here during the night, Mrs. Meeker two hours after husband, and without knowing that her husband had passed away.

Mr. Meeker was 60 years old. He served two terms in the Legislature.

Plan to Protect Insane Patients.

Albany, Oct. 1.—Hereafter all employees of the State Hospitals for the Insane when they sign the monthly payroll must certify to any cases of mal-treatment of inmates that have come under their observation within the month. This order affecting about 5,000 employees was decided upon at a meeting of the State Commission in Lunacy and the managers and superintendents of the State Hospitals.

Woman Nominee's Cigars.

Newburg, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Democrats of the First Assembly District of Dutchess County nominated Amy Shaw of Fishkill, a teacher, for School Commissioner. She passed two boxes of cigars among the delegates.

VILLAGE LOST IN FLAMES

Long Lake West Wiped Out—Firemen Sent to North Woods.

DROUGHT DISASTROUS

Western Pennsylvania Suffers—Epidemic Feared When Rain Comes—Adirondack Camps and Villages—Burn—Mohawk and Malone Division Tied Up by Heat.

Utica, N. Y., Oct. 1.—The forest fires in the Adirondacks, fanned by a strong south wind which prevailed got beyond the control of the hundreds of men who have been fighting them, and large areas were swept by the flames and several small villages ad camps were wiped out.

The village of Long Lake West, a thriving lumber community, was wiped out, entailing a loss which will exceed $150,000. The hundreds of residents of the village barely escaped with their lives, getting away on a train which had been despatched to the scene by the Mohawk and Malone Railroad when the peril of the village became apparent. The residents saved none of their belongings, beyond the clothes they wore and such bundles as they were able to grab up as they dashed out of their homes and clambered onto the waiting train which carried them to safety at Tupper Lake, a few miles north of Long Lake West.

The village contained about a dozen buildings, the railroad station and a large storehouse, which supplied the camp for miles around. All were destroyed.

The Mohawk and Malone division of the New York Central was put out of commission between Nehasane and Horseshoe. The intense heat of the fires sweeping over the road-bed twisted the rails out of shape so that no train could safely pass over them. The air was unbearably hot so that crews of men that were dispatched to repair the road for a day found it impossible to enter the burned area.

Pittsburg, Sept. 29.—With losses aggregating several million dollars from forest firees and heavy damage to crops and livestock, the reported loss of a number of lives due to fighting timber conflagrations, the enforced idleness of thousands of workmen, owing to the suspension of manufacturing establishments because of a lack of water, the health authorities fearing a serious epidemic of contagious diseases, and many small streams dried up and practically obliterated, the drouth of 1908, which has held Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia in its grasp for more than two months, remains unbroken, each day gradually increasing the seriousness of the unprecedented situation.

DYNAMITE BLOWS FIVE MEN TO DEATH.

Premature Explosion in Railroad Cut in Pennsylvania.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 29.—Three Americans and two Italians were blown to pieces in an explosion of dynamite to-day while working at Cross Keys cut, along the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, near Tobyhanna. The Americans are:

Harry Broadhead, married, of Tobyhanna; John Walsh, married, Firth Cliffe, Pa.; Gorick Coyne, Kingston.

The five men were tamping a hole containing eighteen inches of dynamite when it prematurely exploded.

18 KILLED, 20 INJURED.

Burlington Passenger and Freight Collide in Snowstorm.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 28.—Eighteen were killed and a score or more seriously injured near Young's Point, 200 miles east of Helena, when a Burlington and Quincy through passenger train running over the Northern Pacific and an extra freight met in a head-end collision.

The known dead are M. McContick, J. Ryan, Milo Holloway, Col. H. Hedson, John Pawlas, L. A. Stewart, Robert Anderson, H. C. Gamble, E. L. Dymack, George McKontick, Ors Babcock, S. T. Marchington, Charles E. Johnson and George Pantlerock.

The wreck occurred during a snowstorm.

Students Back Broken in a "Rush."

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 28.—In a "rush" between members of the sophomore and freshmen classes of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, Emil Gran, of West Wareham, Mass., a member of the sophomore class, fell, was trampled upon and his back was broken.

Wisconsin Eight-Hour Law Void.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 1.—The Supreme Court declared unconstitutional the Wisconsin eight-hour Railroad Telegraphers' law, enacted in 1907, on the ground that it conflicts with the Federal Constitution.

North Woods Fires Halted.

Heavy rains throughout the northeastern section of the State last night have practically eliminated the danger of further forest fires in the Adirondacks

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

DOMESTIC.

Dr. B. Bang, noted authority, of Copenhagen, decried useless slaughter of cattle which react to tuberculin in an impromptu address before the International Congress on Tuberculosis at Washington.

F. W. Whitridge, receiver for the Third Avenue Railroad Company, asked permision to prosecute claims against the Metropolitan receivers for $5,854,038.68.

John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company, said his private letter books and files had been looted three years ago by an employe who offered them for sale to a newspaper.

Dr. Irvine, prison physician at Sing Sing who resigned under pressure, said there were other stories of graft at the institution than those which concerned him.

Prof. Irving Fisher told the tuberculosis congress that the great white plague cost more than $1,000,000,000 a year.

The Lackawanna Railroad is said to have issued an order prohibiting the throwing of rice at newly-weds travelling on its lines.

The close relation of the principal express companies and other corporations is shown by the annual report of the Public Service Commission just issued.

It became known that Dr. Irvine resigned his position as prison physician at Sing Sing under a charge of grafting.

Lee Gilbert Warren was mortally injured while playing football with the Yale scrub team.

Lieut. W. W. Ballard, jr., of the Coast Artillery, was placed on trial at a court-martial charged with "fraudulently converting to his own use" $709 of his company's funds.

Private Belindah Denegri, a Salvation Army lassie, dismissed by court-martial, has barricaded herself in the barracks at Waterbury, Conn.

A Federal Judge in Pennsylvania declared Harry K. Thaw in contempt of court and ordered that he be taken to Pittsburg to answer. Thaw's removal will be fought.

Leslie Carter, former husband of the actress, died at Chicago.

Samuel Gompers testified in Washington that Broughton Brandenburg, acting for the National Manufacturers' Association, sought to have him sign a statement renouncing his allegiance to the cause of labor.

President Roosevelt discussed with his Cabinet the advisibility of allowing the fleet to visit cholera stricken Manila.

FOREIGN.

Floods caused great loss of life in the Hyderabad and Deccan districts of India, thousands of native houses being swept away.

A dispatch from Willemstad said that President Castro had refused to receive the second Dutch note through the German minister; this course is regarded as an attempt to delay a possible blockade of the ports.

Sir Hiram Maxim, using the roulette system of Monte Carlo, defeated the Earl of Rosslyn in the contest to test the value of the latter's scheme to beat the bank.

Americans are said to be trying to force out Cardinal Merry del Val as Papal Secretary of State.

The Liberals at Newcastle-on-Tyne, suffered a heavy defeat iin a by-election for the House of Commons, the Irish vote alienated by the prohibition of the Eucharist procession; being a leading factor in returning a Unionist candidate.

A mob of unemployed persons in Manchester, England, attempted to raid the Town Hall; the police, after a sharp struggle, dispersed the crowd.

Cholera cases in St. Petersburg showed a slight decrease, owing to cold weather, but fears are entertained of an outbreak in the spring.

Germany will not oppose the demands of France and Spain for reimbursement for the military occupation of Casablanca and will yield to the demand of a guarantee from Mulai Hafid to abide by the terms of the Algeciras act.

Cholera appeared in several palaces in St. Petersburg, including the Czar's winter residence.

POLITICAL.

President Roosevelt made public at Washington, a letter received by him from J. H. Marble, attorney for the Interstate Commerce Commission, giving lists of indictments and convictions in 1908 under the Hepburn act, which the President had omitted from the letter to Mr. Bryan.

William H. Taft made nine speeches at points in South Dakota, and one at Sioux City, Iowa; the keynote of most of his addresses was tariff revision.

William J. Bryan spoke to an immense crowd at Rock Island, Ill., from the same platform as Monnett, the accuser of Governor Haskell.

Mr. Taft made a trip through Iowa, accompanied by Governor Cummins and Major Lacey, rival candidates for Senator, being welcomed by great crowds at every stopping place.

RICH MAN HELD FOR ARSON

H. B. Clark Faints When Seized in Family's Presence.

CHARGED WITH THEFT

Alleged Accomplices, Boys, Say He Helped to Burn $75,000 Huntington Home—Burglary Also Charged—Alleged Jekyll and Hyde Life—Locked in Jail at Poughkeepsie.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Herbert R. Clark, a wealthy resident of Rhinebeck, was arrested charged with burglary and arson. The District Attorney has corroborated evidence that Clark helped to burn the home of Robert Huntington a Rhinebeck last February, with all its costly furnishings, entailing a loss of $75,000.

In addition it is alleged that Clark assisted in robbing the house before it was burned, and also on a previous occasion, and that he and Roy Traver, aged 18; Sterling Traver, aged 15, and Able Bellsworth, aged 21, have committed a number of burglaries. The two latter have confessed to burglary and arson. Both incriminated Clark.

In addition the police officials found a lot of stolen property at Clark's place, and unearthed a pistol which was stolen from the Huntington place, under a floor in Clark's greenhouse, where it was hidden. A toolhouse on Clark's place was recently burned under mysterious circumstances. It is alleged that this contained the product of some of the burglaries in which he was concerned.

Clark lives on a $30,000 estate at Rhinebeck. On every side there is evidence of taste and refinement. He is a man of leisure, and has a beautiful wife, who is prostrated by the disclosures. The couple have a baby a year old. Clark's father is A. L. Clark, a wealthy grain operator, who owns elevators in East Thirty-second Street, New York. He is in poor health and was not told of his son's predicament. Clark's mother sticks loyally to her son, and accompanied him to Poughkeepsie.

It is alleged that Clark has been living a Jekyll and Hyde life for some time. By day he was a polished gentleman of leisure, interested in all good works, and devoted to his wife. By night he led a roystering life with the young men employed on his estates. He supplied beer and liquor for them to drink, and it is alleged, encouraged them to steal chickens for midnight suppers.

Clark was confronted by Sheriff Chanler. With the Sheriff was District Attorney Mack, Under Sheriff Townsend, and Chief of Police McCabe. They had a warrant for his arrest for arson and burglaries based on the statement of his alleged accomplices. Clark was on the lawn of his home with his wife, baby and mother. Chief McCabe asked if he could speak to him. Clark advanced a step and then reeled and fell in a swoon.

It was first feared that he was dead. There was scarcely any heart action and his face was very white. He was restored with difficulty. Mrs. Clark, his wife, was deeply affected, as was his mother. They could not understand what the trouble was. The officers explained as gently as they could, and took Clark away with them. He was brought to Poughkeepsie in an automobile.

TERRORIZE A TOWN

Black Handers Reported Intrenched After Virginia Murder.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 1.—As a result of the shooting of N. M. Gregory, a prominent citizen of Buckingham County, an appeal has been made to Gov. Swanson to aid in breaking up an alleged Black Hand gang. A communication received by the Governor from Avonia reads: "Conditions here intolerable; gangs of assassins strongly intrenched three miles away; one citizen shot in back; others threatened; county authorities appear powerless. We need detectives and bloodhounds."

700 DEATHS FROM CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.

More Than 16,000 Cases Reported in Russia, but Number Decreasing.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 29.—The cholera is decreasing steadily both here and in the country.

Since the outbreak of the disease there have been in St. Petersburg 4,945 cases and 1,875 deaths.

In the country the cases have numbered 10,857 and the deaths 5,226.

Blows His Head Off with Shotgun.

Rochester, Sept. 30.—Placing the butt of a shotgun on the floor and the muzzle end under his chin, Albert Bacon, aged twenty-eight years, a young farmer of Richmond Mills, Livingston County, pulled the trigger with his toes and blew almost his whole head off. No reason is given for the act. Bacon lived with his mother.

Great Legacy for Science.

Berlin, Sept. 30.—Herr Samson, formerly a Berlin banker, who died at Brussels, bequeathed 30,000,000 marks, or $7,500,000, to the Academy of Science.

TEMPERANCE WAVE SWEEPS OVER OHIO.

Twelve Counties Carried by the "Drys" and 359 Saloons Forced To Close Their Doors.

Cleveland, Oct. 1.—Ohio is going after the saloons with a vengeance. Already sixteen counties have held elections under the Rose local option, and every one has gone "dry," driving several hundred saloons out of business. It is predicted now that when the elections are over nine-tenths of the counties in Ohio will be so. It is planned to have elections in the majority of the counties before the Presidential election, others waiting till afterward for fear of the effect the voting may have on the regular election.

First four elections were held, the following large counties going "dry" by good margins: Meigs, Morrow, Warren and Marion. Next four elections voted with the following majorities for the "drys": Van Wert, 894; Hocking, 700; Guernsey, 1,000; Gallia, 1,600; Lawrence, 1,500; Athens, 1,600; Jackson, 1,800; Pike, 900; Noble, 1,450; Scioto, 400; Vinton, 800, and Adams, 400.

Portsmouth, a city of 15,000, went "dry" by 400, while Gallipolis, where a fight was very bitter, gave the "drys" 5 majority.

Marion, a city of 12,000, always a wide open town, drove the saloons out by a majority of over 600 votes.

County.	Majority.	Saloons Voted Out.
Hocking	200	28
Jackson	1,646	36
Vinton	800	4
Gallia	1,182	17
Noble	1,398	5
Guernsey	2,145	30
Lawrence	1,600	22
Scioto	281	58
Van Wert	894	25
Adams	2,000	5
Pike	903	8
Athens	1,425	56

Ironton, Oct. 15.—Hundreds of women and children paraded the streets, women furnished lunch at the polls, and the largest vote ever cast here resulted in both city and county voting "dry." This put forty saloons and one brewery out of business.

In three days three hundred saloons have been knocked out.

KILLS WIFE TO AVOID DISGRACE.

Wife Ordered from Home by Her Husband, Takes Life.

Milford, Del., Oct. 1.—Mrs. Vermadella Cirwiethien, prominent in social circles in this town, shot and killed herself after her husband had found her in the company of another man in their home. Cirwiethien shot four times at the other man, but failed to hit him.

The angry husband then ordered his wife to leave. She gathered up her clothing and started to obey. A few yards from the house she stopped and pleaded to be allowed to return for the sake of her child. The husband remained obdurate and then she shot herself, dying at once.

SCREAM OF MAID CAUSES DEATH.

Servant Saw Dress in Closet and Thought It Was a Stranger.

Boston, Oct. 1.—The authorities of Arlington announced that the death of Mrs. Emily H. Niles, a wealthy resident of that town, who dropped dead during the night, was due to heart disease, aggravated by the scream of a maid who thought she saw a strange woman in the house.

It developed afterward that the maid was frightened by a dress hanging in an open closet.

BASE BALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	94	51	.635	Cincinnati	71	78	.477
New York	92	53	.634	Boston	62	84	.429
Pittsburg	94	55	.631	Brooklyn	48	98	.329
Philadelphia	78	67	.538	St. Louis	49	100	.329

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	86	61	.585	Boston	70	76	.479
Cleveland	86	62	.581	Philadelphia	65	79	.451
Chicago	85	62	.578	Washington	61	81	.430
St. Louis	82	65	.558	New York	48	97	.331

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—No. 2, Red, $1.06½ @ $1.08. No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.11⅛.
CORN—No. 2, 85@85½.
OATS—Mixed, white, 52½.
BUTTER—Western firsts, 21½@23. State Dairy, 20@21.
CHEESE—State full cream, 13¼@14¾.
MILK—Per quart, 3¼c.
EGGS—State and nearby fancy, 31@32c.; do., good to choce, 24@28c.; western firsts 23@24c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $2.00@$4.00.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 7½@10½.
CALVES—City Dressed, 8@13½.
HOGS—Live Per 100 lbs., $7.00@$7.25.
HAY—Prime per 100 lbs., 80c.
STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 80@90c.
LIVE POULTRY—Spring Chickens per lb., 14c.; Turkeys per lb., 13½c.; Ducks per lb., 10@11c.; Fowls per lb., 10@14½c.
DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 16@25c.; Fowls per lb., 10@14c.; Chickens, Phil., per lb., 18@22.
VEGETABLES—Potatoes, Jersey, per sack, $2.00@$2.15.
ONIONS—ellow, per basket, 60@75.

SYMBOLIC BREAD FORMS

Origins of Shapes of Pretzels, Buns and Cakes.

THE SCHWAANERKUCHEN

It Commemorates a Kindly Act of Many Years Ago.—The Curious Birth of the "Hair Monkeys"—Crescent Shaped Rolls Invented When the Turks Besieged Vienna.

Who would think of the pretzel as astronomical symbol or the hot cross bun as a missionary document? Yet it is said that originally the one was intended to represent the sun and the four seasons and the other to convert pagan England to Christianity. The former is declared to have been first made by the Romans, who called it the annulus—a word they are said to have formed out of annus, a year—by which they meant a year ring. The year represented the sun's annual circuit and the four spokes the seasons. It was afterward known under names in the more northerly countries of Europe. There are two stories of the origin of the hot cross bun. The Christian missionaries to England are said to have discovered that, although they could alter the views of the people on religious matters, they could not induce them to abandon their time honored pagan customs. One of these was the eating of a certain kind of cake in honor of the Goddess of Spring. They decided to put the sign of the cross on the Saxon buns and launch them forth on a missionary enterprise. The buns accomplished their mission.

The other story is that in early times in the observance of Holy Week the Church was more strict in the matter of fasts than now. Only a certain amount of food could be eaten. This was indicated by two boundary marks made in the dough to show the length and width of the piece. The loaves were sold in churches and were carried from place to place by pilgrims. So the custom of crossing the bread used on Good Friday became fixed.

These are not the only kinds of shapes of bread whose origin has been traced to odd circumstances. The crescent shaped rolls which one sees in some parts of the city had a curious birth. On one of the occasions when the Turks besieged Vienna, Peter Windler and his wife had a bakery in that city. This baker's patriotism was tinctured with a sense of humor, and possibly a sense of business. At any rate, he conceived the idea of making rolls in the shape of a crescent, the emblem of the Turks. They found a ready sale, for everybody wanted to devour the half moons typifying the Mahometans at the outer gate.

A great many Americans would not know what Schwaanerkuchen is unless they asked a native of the old German city of Rostock. It is to be had only at a certain season of the year, because it commemorates a kindly act of a man years ago. Rostock was surrounded by an enemy. The city gates were closed and the enemy had come close to the wall with clubs, spears, heavy mortar slings and many other oldtime implements of war. Once, and again and again they rushed upon the wall with thunderous noise and clanging weapons, but the brave burghers as often forced them back. Then, urged forward by threatening famine, the latter sallied beyond the gates and drove back the foe until the siege was raised. It was with great joy that they saw the bakers of Schwaan, a village twelve miles down the River Warnow, at the gate as the enemy drew away, bearing heavily laden baskets of cakes. It was such a godsend to the famished burghers that they rewarded the Schwaaner bakers by giving them the privilege of coming to Rostock every year on Maundy Thursday to offer their cakes for sale.

Another German bread, which in shape resembles a capital "W," owes its existence to the siege of the German town of Krailsheim, 1379. It is called the haar-affen, or hair monkeys, a name suggested by the appearance of the apparition which raised the seize. The efforts of the besiegers to take the place had been in vain. They decided to starve the burghers and their families so they sat down before the town. There they sat for several months. By this time the provisions were getting short, and starvation seemed inevitable. One woman had pondered long upon the subject and finally she said to the head of the defenders:

"The people outside the wall are superstitious; let me masquerade at night before them on the city wall in a peculiar dress." She was permitted to carry out her plan. When the fantastic figure was seen upon the wall in the dim light, flitting from point to point climbing nimbly over obstacles, they were horror stricken.

"Haar-affe!" they all exclaimed pointing at the apparition on the wall. "It is an evil spirit." The following night they fled from the town.

In remembrance of the success of the ruse this peculiar shaped cake was made.

COMMON SENSE

Leads most intelligent people to use only medicines of known composition. Therefore it is that Dr. Pierce's medicines, the makers of which print every ingredient entering into them upon the bottle wrappers and attest its correctness under oath, are daily growing in favor. The composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines is open to everybody. Dr. Pierce being desirous of having the search light of investigation turned fully upon his formulæ, being confident that the better the composition of these medicines is known the more will their great curative merits be recognized. Being wholly made of the active medicinal principles extracted from native forest roots, by exact processes original with Dr. Pierce, and without the use of a drop of alcohol, triple-refined and chemically pure glycerine being used instead in extracting and preserving the curative virtues residing in the roots employed, these medicines are entirely free from the objection of doing harm by creating an appetite for either alcoholic beverages or habit-forming drugs. Examine the formula on their bottle wrappers—the same as sworn to by Dr. Pierce, and you will find that his "Golden Medical Discovery," the great, blood-purifier, stomach tonic and bowel regulator—the medicine which, while not recommended to cure consumption in its advanced stages (no medicine will do that) yet *does cure* all those catarrhal conditions of head and throat, weak stomach, torpid liver and bronchial troubles, weak lungs and hang-on-coughs, which, if neglected or badly treated lead up to and finally terminate in consumption.

Take the "Golden Medical Discovery" *in time* and it is not likely to disappoint you if only you give it a *thorough* and *fair* trial. Don't expect miracles. It won't do supernatural things. You must exercise your patience and persevere in its use for a reasonable length of time to get its full benefits. The ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed have the unqualified endorsement of scores of medical leaders—better than any amount of lay, or non-professional, testimonials. They are not given away to be experimented with but are sold by all dealers in medicines at reasonable prices.

Books Returned After Years.

With the best system and careful watching books go astray, but it is hard to write them off as entirely "lost," since they have a way of turning up that is only paralleled by the cat of lyric fame.

The other day at the desk of one of the oldest city institutions, the Philadelphia library at Locust and Juniper streets, there was returned by a fair borrower, a book that had been out a little over three years. Fortunately for the borrower, no fines were exacted and after she had gone the question as to whether the woman had not established a record, was asked.

"No, indeed," said the librarian. "We have in the library several volumes that were held ten, fifteen and twenty years, and one book that was returned to us after being gone for over a century! It is one of a valuable set of the classics, and after succeeding in hiding itself so long, finally turned up in Holland, where its label declared its lawful place of abode and the honest finder lost no time in forwarding it to Philadelphia. Yes, we have books out still longer, and I have not the least doubt that some of them will yet find their way back to our shelves."

Deepest Rooted of All Hates.

The age long hatred of the white race for the black, yellow and other colored races is by no means one-sided. It is fully mutual. Years ago Livingston observed that "There must be something in the appearance of white men frightfully repulsive to the unsophisticated natives of Africa; for on entering villages previously unvisited by Europeans, if we met a child coming quietly and unsuspectingly toward us, the moment he raised his eyes and saw the men in 'bags' he would take to his heels in an agony of terror, such as we might feel if we met a live Egyptian mummy at the door of the British Museum. Alarmed by the child's wild outcries, the mother rushes out of the hut, but darts back again at the first glimpse of the fearful apparition. Dogs turn tail and scour off in dismay, and hens, abandoning their chickens, fly screaming to the tops of the houses." The same is true, though perhaps in a lesser degree, of the other colored races.

Where the Tips Go.

"Bet I can tell you something you don't know about the tipping system in the cloakrooms of some of the large cafes," remarked a midnight diner to his wife.

"Why—don't the small boys just pocket all they get?" inquired she.

"Pocket! Their uniforms are made without a sign of a pocket so that none of the tips can find a lodging there; those boys get nothing but a salary which is paid by a man who has purchased the cloakroom privilege for as high as five thousand a year. The tips are all turned in to him. You can imagine what the privilege is worth when he can lay down that sum for the right."

The Dominee's Fall.

A Carthage minister jokingly told a friend an interview would cost him ten cents. The latter pretended to take the matter seriously and presented him with ten pennies. The minister then arose to protest and while rising his chair skidded and he stumbled. And now the friend is telling everyone he meets, how upset the minister was at having to refuse a contribution.—Kansas City Star.

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THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1908.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 28, 1908.

The President is again and for the last time, it is said, in the White House and interest again centers in and about that historic mansion, for it is now occupied even in this presidential year by a personality more interesting to the general public than any of the candidates. Although he is bronzed by the outdoor life at Sagamore Hill, the President looks a bit careworn and tired at the end of his vacation. It has been the busiest holiday period that he has passed in many years and the strain of the campaign has made itself felt. The number of visitoss at his country home this summer was the largest during his seven years in the office ol president. The contest about the nomination of Governor Hughes occupied much of the President's time and that struggle was only part of the greater one which he is making to bring about the election of Mr. Taft. From now until the eve of election in November, the President it is said, will bend every energy to winning the fight for Judge Taft and he has intimated that he will stop at nothing that is fair to get a victory. As soon as that election is over, Mr. Roosevelt will turn his attention to the big game hunting trip in Africa which he has had in view for nearly a year.

***

When the President alighted from the special train at the Union Station in this city, he found himself surrounded by a number of members of his cabinet. He greeted them most cordially and was specially demonstrative toward Secretary Straus of the Department of Commerce and Labor who, with Mrs. Straus was one of the first to get the President's hand. He called Secretary Wilson of the Agricultural Department "Dear old Nestor" and Postmaster General, ex-ambassador to Russia Meyer, "My dear George." The Postmaster General, who is credited with being the practical politician of the cabinet, complimented the President on his letter in the morning newspapers arraigning Senator Foraker and Governor Haskell of Oklahoma. After the greetings were over, the entire party, lead by the President, who had on each side of him one of his military aides, Col. Bromwell and Capt. Butt and was encircled by the secret service men, walked to where the carriages were waiting outside.

***

There are indications that from now onward the real headquarters of the Republican campaign will be the Executive Mansion and the real manager of the campaign the President himself. Judge Taft has sent a reassuring telegram to Chairman Frank H. Hitchcock, but it is within the knowledge of well informed persons that Mr. Hitchcock from now on will in a degree be obliged to take advice from older statesmen, including Mr. Roosevelt. It is understood that the President is returning to Washington earlier than is customary in order to facilitate conferences with campaign leaders where he will be more accessible than he was at Oyster Bay. The President has made engagements with a number of distinguished politicians, leaders of his party, to meet him at the White House within the next few days and Chairman Hitchcock is expected among them. It is a fact that the management of Mr. Hitchcock has not been entirely satisfactory to the Republican candidate, and it is also true that Mr. Roosevelt was more anxious than Mr. Taft concerning the complaints of party leaders with reference to Hitchcock's reticence. They interpreted his reticence to mean that he was not quite sure what he was doing or going to do and therefore averse to talking about it.

***

It became known in Democratic circles last week that several national committeemen are preparing to use their influence for the removal of Governor Charles N. Haskell from the office of Treasurer of the National Committee. He is regarded by some prominent Democrats as very much in the relation of Senator Foraker to the Republican party. They are both to all appearances under a dark cloud. There may be exculpatory circumstances, but in the midst of a hot campaign there is no time for defense. The decks must be cleared of everything except the best fighting material.

***

The President is evidently determined to run amuck in the present campaign and to issue from the White House, bulls of ex-communication. His strictures will be read by all and will be believed by some. Prominent democrats are of opinion that Governor Haskell will not have sufficient time to answer the President and vindicate himself and it is not improbable that within the next few days, he may resign and thus relieve Mr. Bryan of a situation which may embarrass the clean and splendid campaign he is waging.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by all Druggists. Price, 75c per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Racial Pot-Pourri of the Isthmus

In one of his interesting sketches of travel Richard Harding Davis has referred to Port Said as the human clearing-house of all the world. But he wrote that before a far-seeing President at Washington decided to take up the abandoned task of the discredited De Lesseps and complete the severing of the two Americas. There is now probably no spot on the face of the earth where there are congregated together the representatives of so many different nations as on the Isthmus of Panama.

It is related that a certain earnest seeker after facts, one of those beings who wallow in statistics and make boast of their shame, inquired of an authority concerning the number of distinct peoples officially recognized in the population of the Zone. Whereupon the authority desired to know how many branches of the human family there were tabulated; on being told fifty-two, or such a matter, he pointed out to th e earnest one that he had most satisfactorily answered his own question.

The news that the "Big Ditch" was to be reopened was a veritable call to arms to the great polyglot brotherhood of the Wanderlust. Uncle Sam pouring out his unmeasured millions in a second attempt at this half-mad project, before which France had already so ingloriously failed, with Heaven knows what fearful cost of men and francs. What a glorious lure to the adventurers of the earth! Danger and big rewards. Fever, the deadly curse of the tropics, to make promotion swift. A gambler's chance with every element of romance! No wonder they flocked to the standard from every hidden corner of the great New World. Aye, and the Old, for the spirit of Cortez and Drake. De Soto and the rest, is vibrant still; French, Spanish, English, Norse, while there is a six-foot plot of jungle or ice-floe left in nature's thrall, these peoples will have their pioneers at the front waging the endless battle so many ages old. To some it smelled of Graft—but they have not remained; to the most it was the scent of something big and something new that drew them here.

New York's lower east side can show many breeds and every conceivable accent; but there the boundary lines are marked, dividing one from the other—the Jew from the Christian, the Latin from the Hun. There are your "foreign quarters," here is a vast inchoate mass where the white, the yellow, and the black, yea, and the black and tan, sweat side by side, toiling together in this mightiest enterprise any part of the Great Family has yet attempted. Yankees and English, Spanish and French, Scandinavians and Irish, Hindoos and Mohammedans, Orientals and Africans, Latin Americans to the place, on and on till the names cease from meaning, all these and more make up the highly cosmopolitan population of this strange mushroom dominion of "The States." Adjectives applied to it, this strange foundling of the nations, are pallid, even as words are pitiful before the reality of Niagara. It is the incarnation of the New World and the New Century. —Herbert Dunlap in October *Lippincott's*.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

What Happened to a Girl Seeking Shelter in New York.

What happened to seventeen-year-old Lucy Green last winter when she arrived in New York seeking work, without friends or money, is the real story of a real girl, told by the girl herself in October *Woman' Home Companion*.

The first day she was directed to the Margaret Louisa Home, conducted by the Young Women's Christian Association. After many waits and delays she was passed on to the chaplain of the institution. This is what took place with the chaplain:

"As gently as possible she broke the news that the Margaret Louisa Home was not the boarding place for which I was seeking. The rates were too high for any one save a girl who was already well fixed in business. A single room would cost me sixty cents a day, breakfast and luncheon twenty-five cents each and dinner thirty-five cents. I was probably looking for a working-girls' home. I apologized for my mistake, saying that I had read much of the Margaret Louisa Home and supposed it was a home for working girls. And then as gently as before she explained that it was a transient hotel for self-supporting women, not for—er—working girls. I saw the distinction.

"She then gave me the addresses of real homes for working girls—Mrs. Huntington's at 140 East 16th Street, and 'The Co-operato,' 444 West 23d Street.

"'Can you suggest where I had best look for work?' I inquired hastily.

"'Work? Well, this is a very bad time of the year to get into the stores. They are letting girls out. Governesses, too, have all been engaged!'

"By this time she was standing up. She hoped I would enroll with the association. It cost only one dollar a year, and I would enjoy the library. The Tuesday night lecture for members was especially interesting. She said good-by, without offering to shake hands—and my relations with the Young Women's Christian Association were closed.

"Apparently the New York branch of the Y. W. C. A. is for women who have proven their ability to be self-supporting. It offers nothing to the girls starting on the road to self-support. The Margaret Louisa Home is not a 'home.' It is an admirably conducted, reasonably priced transient hotel for women who do not care to patronize hotels where men are admitted."

New Tire Puncture Remedy.

Concerning the new substance called "miraculum" invented by an Australian for repairing and preserving pneumatic tires of vehicles, Consul Albert Halstead of Birmingham, furnishes the following information:

A compound has been brought to the United Kingdom from Australia which, it is claimed, will prevent the puncturing of pneumatic tires on bicycles, motor bicycles and motor cars. The new composition is shortly to be placed in the British market.

A Welsh Record.

There are on the membership roll of a church in Pyle, Wales, twelve people whose ages average 82½ years, the youngest of the group being 77, and the oldest 93. Is this a record?

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.

Chas. P. Elwell announces that he will be pleased to receive all former pupils on violin and pianoforte, as well as new ones. Latest and best methods.

Terms strictly cash by the lesson or month. Address Hotel Hidlay, Bloomsburg, or call up on Bell 'phone any afternoon between 1 and 2. tf

NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court } In re estate of
of Columbia County } P. K. Patterson

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the said Orphans' Court by the undersigned for letters of administration on the estate of said P. K. Patterson, who has been absent from the place of his last domicile, viz: Greenwood Township, in this County and Commonwealth, for more than seven years last past and his whereabouts unknown, and the said Court has fixed Monday, December 7th, 1908, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day as the time to hear the evidence concerning the alleged absence of the supposed decedent and the circumstances and duration thereof.

B. F. BATTIN.

Clinton Herring, Att'y. 10-1-5t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Michael Bubis, late of Wilburton, Conyngham Township, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration upon the estate of said decedent have been granted to the Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company of Mount Carmel, Pennsylvania. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will make them known without delay to said Administrator at their banking house in Mount Carmel, Pa., or to their counsel,

BASTRESS & TIER.

Sept. 17, 1908, 6t. Mount Carmel, Pa.

"LET THE PEOPLE RULE"

APPEAL TO DEMOCRATS

for Bryan and Kern Campaign Fund, from the Democratic National Committee.

To Geo. E. Elwell, Editor of the COLUMBIAN.

There are no secrets in this Campaign. Strictly *practicing what he preaches*, Mr. Bryan will not win victory with tainted money paying the election expenses.

Not a dollar is to be accepted which requires any promise, either express or implied, other than for HONEST, IMPARTIAL GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Bryan will enter the White House *absolutely free* from entangling alliances, free to serve all classes of honest citizens alike, or he will not enter at all.

Hence the course is plain. The campaign of Bryan and Kern must be conducted by the people.

The people must pay the necessary campaign expenses if they want public servants who will serve their interests.

Special interests and favored classes, having secured "SWOLLEN FORTUNES" by purchasing favors in the past with MILLIONS CONTRIBUTED TO CONTROL ELECTIONS, stand ready to give MILLIONS MORE FOR CONTINUED FAVORS. But that class never gives a dollar unless it buys a pledge.

Mr. Bryan says, from March 4th, 1909, "LET THE PEOPLE RULE."

This can come only if the people pay their own bills, and control their own elections.

"BEWARE OF THE TRUSTS 'BEARING GIFTS.'"

That policy of the favored few buying a mortgage on the Government meant that the Candidate for President knew a few people only in an entire State

Bryan says, "We will take the cause of PEOPLE'S RULE home to the people and will know people in every county."

You can serve the grand cause of popular government.

Your paper reaches the fireside of the patriot who loves his country for his country's GOOD; as distinguished from the greedy possessor of swollen fortunes who loves his country *only* for his country's GOODS.

Asking every one who favors Government by the people to pay you, at once, as many dollars as he can spare to aid the Campaign for BRYAN, KERN AND PEOPLE'S RULE. You forward these gifts of honest hearts and home every two weeks to the Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, with the name of each contributor and amounts given. The Treasurer will forward you a certificate for each one, asking you to deliver these certificates.

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M. C. WETMORE,
Chairman Finance Committee.
C. N. HASKELL,
Treasurer.

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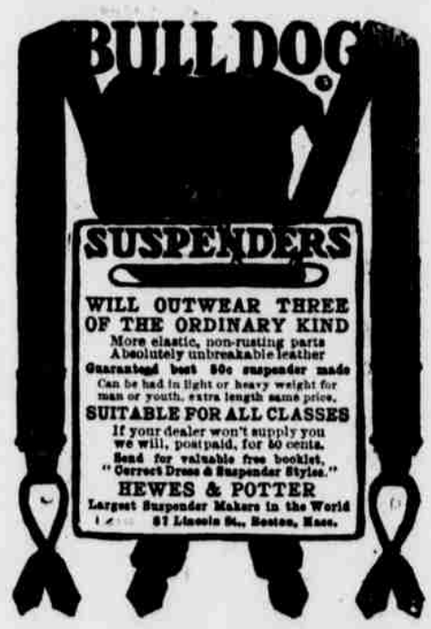
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